

CHDK

Canon® Hack Development Kit

User Quick Start Guide 2010 V.1.8.9

Extra Features For Canon[®] Powershot Cameras

User Quick Start Guide







CHDK

Canon® Hack Development Kit

User Quick Start Guide 2010

For Canon® Cameras with CHDK loaded and operational

For installation instructions go to http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CHDK





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Acknowledgements

CHDK has to be one of the most innovative improvements to any camera that has ever come along since the beginning of photography. Started out by some people who only wanted RAW out of their raw-crippled cameras, it has now grown into one of the most adaptable, flexible, and full-featured operating systems of any cameras ever made. We are all extremely grateful for the work that everyone has put into this arena of discovery, implementation, coding, sharing, camera testing, (especially with the unknown, and possibly high risk), and those that provide all the information on the Wiki pages (and elsewhere in the world). Those who have contributed to this great stride in the world of photography deserve a huge vote of thanks.

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and more to come......Many thanks.

And to all the firmware dumpers - Many thanks.

Thanks to Graystar for the Allbest 50 manual, and to the writers of the online Morebest manual, (these pages are based upon those), and everyone else who has contributed however small or large to CHDK and the Wiki pages.

Front cover photo - Canon® Powershot SX201S







Welcome to CHDK, for users of Canon® Powershot Cameras

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Q. What is the CHDK program?

A. CHDK enhances the capabilities of your camera in a non-destructive, non-permanent way.

After loading of CHDK program your camera will have the following extra functionality:

- Shutter-priority (Tv) exposure via shutter value override feature
- Aperture-priority (Av) exposure via aperture value override feature
- Shooting in RAW, with RAW Average, RAW Sum, and RAW Develop features, save as .DNG (Digital Negative for wider compatibility)
- Live histogram (RGB, blended, luminance and for each RGB channel)
- Zebra mode (a live view of over and under-exposed areas of your picture)
- Depth-of-field (DOF)-calculator, Hyperfocal-calculator with instant Hyperfocal and Infinity focus-set, and more
- Battery indicator
- RAW and Video space-remaining gauges with custom low-limit alerts
- USB cable and wireless remote shutter release
- Motion-detection trigger automatically fires camera on motion detection. (Able to capture lightning strikes.)
- Customizable high-speed continuous (burst) Shutter-based (Tv), aperture-based (Av) and ISO-based exposure bracketing (unlimited shots)
- Focus bracketing (unlimited shots)
- Adjustable Video quality and size (compression) adjustable while recording
- Elimination of 1 GB video-size limit (for many DigicII cameras)
- Zoom during video function (for cameras without this feature)
- Shutter, Aperture, and ISO Overrides
- Ultra-long shutter speeds up to 64 seconds (much longer for supported cameras)
- Ultra-fast shutter speeds up to 1/10,000" and higher
- High-speed Flash Sync at all speeds up to 1/64,000 of a second
- Custom user-editable visible Grids for framing, cropping, and alignment
- File browser
- Text reader
- Calendar
- Games
- Fully customizable CHDK display, info placement, user-colors, fonts in menus, etc.
- Custom CHDK User Menu (for instant recall of up to 10 favorite functions)
- Scripts execution including exposure bracketing, focus bracketing, intervalometer, etc
- And other features too numerous to mention here.

The new features are accessed through CHDK-specific menus, rather than the default camera menus. As CHDK is continually evolving, new features are added as they are developed. Updating occasionally will ensure you have all the latest features for your camera.

Check out the Camera Features and Downloads pages for information on finding the right build for your needs.

Go to:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Downloads

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Cameras that have an SD card that has been prepared as bootable and is locked (write protected, with the slide tab on the side of the card), will load CHDK automatically when turned on. This is usually called the "Autoload" or "Autoboot" method, using a camera version specific file

"DISKBOOT.BIN"

The card lock is bypassed by CHDK and photos and video are able to be saved as normal.

- Manual load method

When the SD card has a camera specific file, which for some versions is "PS.FIR", and others "PS.FI2", the card is left unlocked and then:

- 1. Switch the camera on in Play mode, not Record mode,
- 2. Press the MENU button, then press UP once (or scroll down the menu list)
- 3. An option to update the firmware appears, Select that option. (press FUNC.SET)
- 4. Confirm the update, (OK-press FUNC.SET)



See:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Bootable_SD_card

for instructions to make memory card bootable, and information on the loading process.

The CHDK splash screen will appear for about 2 seconds, confirming that CHDK is now running on the camera. (The splash screen can be disabled in Main Menu > Miscellaneous stuff)



Splash screen logo

CHDK will now be running in the background. Some features are enabled by default, for example, battery and memory indicators. However, most features are disabled by default.

To make changes to how CHDK operates, you start by entering ALT> mode.

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<ALT> Mode

When <ALT> mode is enabled the function of certain buttons on the camera will change, allowing you to start accessing CHDK features. For example, pressing the FUNC.SET button will display the CHDK Script menu, rather than the usual function associated with FUNC.SET.

There are different ways to enter <ALT> mode, depending on the style of camera.

```
    A Series – Press the Direct Print button (A momentary short press)
    G Series – Press the Shortcut button *
    S Series – Press the Shortcut button *
    SD Series – Press the Direct Print button
```

Also, while in <ALT> mode the following buttons are reassigned:

```
A Series Exposure/Erase(+/-) – Toggles RAW capture mode
G Series AF Frame Selector/Erase – Toggles RAW capture mode
S Series FUNC.SET – Toggles RAW capture mode
SD / IXUS Series DISP – Toggles RAW capture mode
SX200 " " " " "
SX10 AF Frame Selector/Erase – Toggles RAW capture mode
```

Common to most cameras

- MENU Displays the main CHDK menu
- FUNC.SET Display the Script menu
- DISPLAY Button -- Return to previous menu
- Full Shutter press Executes the selected Script, or pauses the running script

The following functions are available any time CHDK is loaded.

Common to most cameras

- Half Shutter + Left Toggle Zebra on/off
- Half Shutter + Right Toggle OSD on/off
- Half Shutter + Up Toggle Histogram on/off (on recent versions Half shoot+down).
- Half Shutter + Down Toggle Overrides (Half Shutter + Left on a few models ?)

...(Contd. P6)

^{*} See note on page 6 about Shortcut button.

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More keys and shortcuts:

In manual focus mode - (with <ALT>)

Up – Set MF to infinity

Down – to set MF distance to hyperfocal distance (based on f/stop and zoom focal-length).

Left - Decrease Value Factor,

Right - Increase Value Factor.

Zoom-in / Zoom-out — can be assigned to manual focus in Main Menu > Miscellaneous stuff.

On the IXUS series the DISP button is used to instantly set MF (manual focus) distance to infinity.

See:- Extra Photo Operations Page 9.

In OSD layout editor -

Display – Change the number of pixels the OSD (on-screen display) elements are moved by.

In File Browser -

Right - make selection

Left - Open context menu.

Zoom-in / Zoom-out – Scroll-By-page in File Browser and File Reader modes.

Half-shoot – Scroll one page forward in File Reader mode.

Menu numerical units -

slightly longer.

lever / switch, then change the selected menu item. When doing this, first select the menu item to be changed, then change the unit value with the zoom change the unit value, ie: 1, 10, 100. The unit value is indicated in the top LH corner of the OSD. Zoom-in / Zoom-out - To enter numerical values in menus the zoom lever / switch is used to

directly into record mode, hold the On /Off button for approx. one second. When switched on, SX10 (And certain other models with separate playback and record buttons) - To turn the camera on

press the button with a short momentary press, and for the original Canon function, press and hold Shortcut, Flash, Timer, ISO, or Video buttons to enter <ALT> mode, the Shortcut button is the default, * Cameras with a Shortcut button oan be configured in Miscellaneous stuff to use either, -

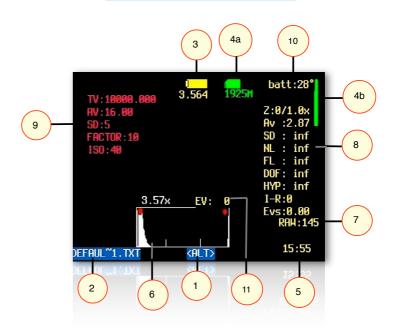
pressing the shutter button full or half will switch to record mode from playback mode.

the options you set in CHDK. <PLT> mode. You can now use the camera to take photos or video, and it's operation will be changed by finished customizing how CHDK operates, and/or using scripts, press the <ALT> mode button to exit <ALT> mode you can now use CHDK Scripts, and also enter the CHDK Main Menu. When you have When you enter <ALT> mode, the indicator " <ALT> " will appear at the bottom middle of the OSD. In

Links

FAQ	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/FAQ
CHDK for Dummies The Very First Steps	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CHDK_for_Dummies
Cardtricks (Memory card formatting)	http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,964.0.html
User Manual at Wiki	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CHDK_User_Manual
Guide	http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,1167.0.htmlß
Hi-Speed Shutter & Flash-Sync	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Samples: High-Speed Shutter %26 Flash-Sync
"DoF Stacking" using CHDK Focus Bracketing	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/DoF_Stacking
Grids	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Grids
Software Overview / Link list	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Software
UBASIC	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC
Lua Scripting	http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/board,35.0.html
Download page for latest builds etc	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Downloads
How To Test Your Camera	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CameraFeatures
ALTMENGD.ZIP Text files instructions for in camera	http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic, 1214.msq28449.html#msq28449
Curve Anthology	http://www.curvemeister.com/support/curvemeister2/help/ Articles/CurveMoves.htm
USB Remote Cable	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/USB_Remote_Cable
Sample photos, videos, etc.	http://wikia.com/wiki/Samples:_HDR
GPL License	http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/gpl.html
DOF Calculator	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CHDK_firmware_usage/ AllBest#Quick-Set_Hyperfocal 26_Infinite_Manual_Focus_Distances
RAW Samples	http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Samples:_RAW
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CHDK on Twitter	http://twitter.com/CHDKnews
CHDK on Facebook	http://www.facebook.com/group.php?gid=71065475036

On-Screen Display (OSD) Map



1	<alt> Mode indicator</alt>	6	Live Histogram
2	Mini Console - Current Script info.	7	RAW shots remaining Indicator
3	Battery Indicators	8	Miscellaneous Values
4a	File-Space Indicators - icon/text	9	Extra Photo Operations - Overrides
4b	File-Space Indicator - vertical bar	10	Temperature Indicator
5	Clock	11	Fast EV Switch Indicator

See OSD Parameters on Page 26 for display settings.

A note on the CCHDK.CFG configuration file. This file, amongst other things, is where settings the

user has made to the CHDK Overrides, OSD elements, etc. are saved. If this file is corrupted for whatever reason, it can cause some weird behavior from CHDK camera settings, so to test for this find and rename the file so a new one will be created at the next startup, if this eliminates the erratic behavior the old file can be deleted. Remember though, all your personal settings will be gone. It is advisable to keep a copy of a known good CCHDK.CFG file from your camera version to use as a replacement for a corrupted one, and to add it to other SD cards for that camera, to have them ready with your preferred settings. The file is found at /CHDK/CCHDK.CFG on the SD card.

CCHDK.CFG can be edited with the application CFCEDIT - available at the CHDK Wiki.

Experimental development is being done on the PTP feature for CHDK cameras, this will provide computer control of a camera similar to Canon's EOS Utility and Remote Capture, but with CHDK capability such as remote script control.

As at May 2010 so far the supported cameras are: (for experimental use) A480-100b, A540-100b, A590-100e, A610-100e and 100f, A650-100d, A710-100a, A720-100c,

SX1-201a, SX10-101a and 102b, SX200-100c, IXUS700/SD500-101a.

See:- http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,4338.0.html (PTP Interface thread at forum)

Thus according to the control of the

Like Canon's menus, pressing the FUNC.SET button will select the highlighted menu option. Pressing the Display button will move back one menu level. Pressing the Menu button will exit the current operation.

UnaM nisM



Extra Photo Operations



☐ Disable Overrides

Allows the use of a half-press + DOWN button press to quickly toggle any override settings on and off. The status of the overrides will appear where the normal override settings are displayed in the OSD - in your chosen warning color.

(See "Visual Settings")

• Off - Turns off the "Disable Overrides" shortcut option.

• On - Starts out with any override settings DISABLED. In the OSD you will see -

< Main Menu

"NO OVERRIDES"

Disable - Starts out with any override settings enabled.

The "Op" and "Disobled" entiting allow you to use this feeting.

The "On" and "Disabled" options allow you to use this feature in your User Menu (P27) as the quick override toggle instead of using any shortcut key. Some cameras may not have the shortcut feature available.

Enable [●] / Disable []

• Include AutolSO & Bracketing

Includes AutoISO and Bracketing settings in the "Disable Override" settings. If not enabled then the AutoISO and Bracketing settings will not be turned on or off by the "Disable Override" shortcut button.

Q. What's the future for CHDK?

A. There's no doubt that clever people will continue to develop more features, scripts, etc., and more cameras will be ported, CHDK will be refined, until it is released as v1.0, and perhaps beyond, which seems to be very close, so the future looks good for CHDK. This User Guide has been written up to May 2010. For further firmware revisions refer to the changelog.

See;- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Changelog

Want to have a say?, then go to :- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Talk:CHDK (Discussion at the CHDK wiki, or go to :- http://chdk.setepontos.com/ (The official CHDK forum).

Miscellaneous info.

CHDK supported cameras might not always perform as a menu entry might imply, because you can enter a parameter does not mean the camera can necessarily perform the task, the cameras have hardware limits that restrict them. (some have less than others)

Extra long exposure capability is not yet available on all CHDK cameras, the cameras listed below are supported at this time. (May 2010)

A30, A540, A550, A560, A570, A590, A630, A710, G9 IXUS70/SD1000, IXUS80/SD1100, IXUS870/SD880, IXUS90/SD790, IXUS950/SD850, IXUS970/SD890, S3, S5, SX1, SX10, SX200.

Extra long exposure means these cameras are capable of exposure times of up to 2000 seconds, helpful for Astrophotography and other specialized applications.

CHDK Cameras without standard manual focus, can take advantage of the CHDK focus override, All of the IXUS series (except IXUS980/SD990), and these others at this time - (May 2010) - A450, A460, A470, A480, A550, A560, A2000, TX1.

Cameras without an actual aperture/iris mechanism use the ND (neutral density) filter to achieve an exposure method similar to an actual aperture. CHDK provides control of the ND filter for users to make their own shutter speed adjustments. The CHDK supported cameras listed below have an ND filter only, and no actual aperture/iris mechanism.

IXUS series (except IXUS 300), A450, A460, A470, A480, A530, A550, A560, A2000, TX1. Some high end Powershot cameras, such as the G series, have both an aperture and an ND filter.

Commonly seen when checking the camera version with the VERS.REQ method, is the E18 error, this means sometime during the camera's life it has encountered a possible malfunction of the lens assembly, if the camera is working ok there is no cause for concern.

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Override shutter speed [0 – 100] <Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu

TV in the OVERRIDES display in the OSD. This feature allows you to override the camera's shutter speed in all auto and manual modes with the speed you select. This feature allows shutter speeds as long as 64 seconds, (or longer if your camera has CHDK Extra Long Exposure support) and as short as 1/100,000th of a second, in 1/3rd EV steps. This setting is affected by the "Value factor" and the "Shutter speed enum type" settings below. Please note that the actual speeds available are dependent on the camera used and other conditions such as the aperture setting.

• Value factor [Off, 1/100k – 100] or [Off, 1,10,100]

Enables the Override shutter speed and sets the Value factor, the use of which is described below

• Shutterspeed enum type [Ev Step , Factor]

Select the method of determining the override shutter speed.

Ev Step – The method most of us will use. Enables the first set of options above.

The Override shutter speed is shown in seconds. Select the desired shutter speed and set the Value factor to 1 to enable the override function.

Factor – This method will enable the second set of options above.

The shutter speed is determined by multiplying the selected value factor with the selected shutter speed. This method is useful in analytical and research photography.

ND filter state (For cameras with a ND Filter)

When the camera detects a really bright scene, it will swing the ND filter inline with the lens and sensor. This makes the scene look darker and will affect the exposure (but not depth of field like a real aperture / iris would). With the ND filter in, the camera can select a slower shutter speed without over-exposing the entire scene. Also, with the ND filter swung in, the camera will capture an image with an aperture of f/8 - This is an artificial aperture value caused by the ND filter swung in. With CHDK, you can choose to keep the ND filter out, and just select a faster shutter speed to compensate. To do this, use:

Main Menu > Extra Photo Operations > ND filter state

Select one of the options from: [Off / In / Out]

- 'Off' means the camera will automatically control the ND filter state.
- 'In' means the ND filter is swung in.
- 'Out' means the ND filter is kept out.

Override Aperture [Off , 2.77 – 16.00] <Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu

For cameras with an actual aperture / iris. mechanism (IXUS / SD models have ND filter). AV in the OSD. This feature allows you to override the camera's aperture settings. Simply select the desired aperture setting and the camera will use that setting in all auto and manual modes. **Please note** that the actual aperture values available depend on the camera.

Override Subj. Dist. Valu [0 – 65535]

SD in the OVERRIDES display in the OSD. This feature allows you to specify, to the millimeter, the manual focus distance. To focus the camera at the override distance you must half-press the shutter.

performed by an authorized Canon Repair Facility, would void the warranty." ... and ... In further discussion with Canon® about this specific hack, their response is: "If it is not Canon® firmware the

warranty would be void." Is it an "upgrade" of the camera firmware when the firmware remains untouched? It's up to you to decide. Don't use it if you are not willing to take the slightest chance. Many many people have used decide. Don't use it if you are not willing to take the slightest chance. Many many people have used CHDK on their cameras (including some very experimental versions) and there is no report of any permanent malfunction. Thus, CHDK appears to be quite safe to use as long as you make sure that it's the CHDK and not a real firmware update which is not an official Canone update could alter or completely sorew up the camera and will void the warranty). Addressing their second comment (i.e. "if it is not Canone firmware"): CHDK is NOT firmware. By very definition, second comment (i.e. "if it is not Canone firmware"): CHDK is long any power

Solution: Solution is not a legal opinion and the user accepts all risk of using it. And as a practical matter, if However, this is not a legal opinion and the user accepts all risk of using it. And as a practical matter, if found evidence of CHDK on your memory card, there is not much you can really do (what are you going to do? Spend thousands of dollars suing them to get your camera repaired?) However, you can

just wipe or remove the card.;)

More at: - http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/FAQ

Q. How do I use scripts?

A. CHDK allows you to automate your camera by running "scripts", small and simple programs written in a short-hand version of BASIC, or Lua. You can use some pre-made scripts like bracketing, intervalometer etc., or write your own scripts using the scripting language. To use a script, you have to do this:

- 1 Put the script you want to use into the CHDK/SCRIPTS-folder on your SD card
- 2 Load the script (main menu>scripting parameters>load script from file) and adjust script
- parameters as needed... 3 To run the script, press the shutter button while in <ALT> mode. You can also stop it by pressing the

If a script does not work properly, try to increase the "script shoot delay" parameter, which is a small time-delay after a shot is taken, before the next line of the script is executed. Some scripts also may require certain camera settings. For example the generic bracketing script: go to menu-review and switch it to "off". Use P, Tv, Av or M mode and activate the camera function where you want to have bracketing. For example: Activate the focus slider when you want to have focus bracketing. Activate the exposure compensation slider in P mode when you want to have exposure bracketing, and so on.

For more, go to:- Scripting notes Page 54,

and http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/TutorialScratchpad

Q. May I suggest a new feature?

shutter button again.

A. Yes you certainly can, although not every wish can be fulfilled. Please note that the CHDK is not able to change any standard behavior of the camera, because it does not modify the original firmware. CHDK can just "extend" current functionality.

• Value factor (mm) [Off, 1, 10, 100, 1000]

FACTOR in the OVERRIDES display in the OSD. The Value factor is used to enable the "Override Subj. Dist Valu" (OSDV), and also to quickly set the focus distance. When updating the "Override Subj. Dist Valu" with the left/right buttons, the value will be changed by the amount set in the "Value factor" So "I" changes the OSDV by Imm, "10" changes by 10mm, and so forth. In this way the OSDV can be updated faster than trying to change the override from I to 450mm by pressing the rocker 449 times.

For cameras without Manual Focus, (IXUS series, and some A series) SD Overrides can be used to manage focusing, either by entering values in a menu, or by using shortcut keys. In <ALT> mode, go to Main Menu > Extra Photo Operations > Override Subj. Dist. Valu, > Value Factor enter a choice of unit value, either 1, 10, 100, or 1000, this will change the Subj. Dist. Value by the unit value one entered, ie: if the Value factor is 10, and the Subj. Dist. is 10 then the focus will be $10 \times 10 = 100$ mm from the lens.

These Manual Focus adjustments can also be achieved with shortcut keys. In <ALT> mode, using the Left / Right keys to adjust the Value Factor and the Zoom lever to adjust the Subject Distance, (or on cameras without a zoom lever use the Display button) Infinity is immediately selected by pressing the Up key, and for Hyperfocal adjustment based on current F-stop and selected by pressing the Up key, and for Hyperfocal adjustment based on current F-stop and selected by pressing the Up key, and for Hyperfocal adjustment based on current F-stop and

zoom focal length, press the Down key.

The subject distance values are displayed as part of OVERRIDES on the OSD.

Paparapher to axit < ALT> mode to shoot pictures with these adjustments are line transfer.

Remember to exit <ALT> mode to shoot pictures with these adjustments applied. Also remember to uncheck "clear overrides @ start" setting if you want to continue with the current

settings.

Override ISO value [0 – {ISO max for camera}]

ISO:.. in the OVERRIDES display in the OSD. This feature allows you to override the camera's ISO setting. Select the desired ISO setting and the camera will use that setting in all auto and manual modes.

• Value factor [Off, 1, 10, 100]

The factor is used to enable the ISO override, and to set a multiplier against the "Override ISO value" set above. So if you want to use an ISO of 1200, you would set the "Override ISO value" to 12, and the "Value factor" to 100. This arrangement exists to speed the setting of a custom ISO.

Note: Although CHDK may show a higher or lower setting, minimum and maximum ISO overrides will mainly be determined by the camera hardware limits, CHDK enables "fine tuning" of ISO settings, see Custom Auto ISO on pages 12, 13

See:- OSD Parameters on Pages 26, and 27 for "Show State Displays" of overrides in the OSD.

FAQs and Facts

Q. Can CHDK damage your camera?

A. Short answer: It is unlikely, but theoretically possible. CHDK comes with no warranty for any use; you use it at your own risk. CHDK is created by reverse engineering an undocumented system that directly controls hardware. Because of this, it is impossible to be certain that it is completely safe.

Long answer: It is very unlikely that CHDK will permanently harm your camera. There have been no reports of CHDK damaging a camera, and both the original firmware and the CHDK developers do their best to avoid situations where this could happen. There are at least two ways in which CHDK could theoretically do damage:-

By commanding physical hardware to do something it was not designed to do. For example, it is possible to command the lens hardware to move when the lens is closed. (1) It is also possible to move lens hardware beyond limits allowed by Canons firmware, using scripts or overrides. See UBASIC/Scripts:_Tele-Macro-Mode (2) and Talk:UBASIC/Scripts#Tele-Super-Macro_Mode_Comments (3). It's worth noting that neither of these cases have resulted in actual damage, and both required direct input from the user.

By overwriting the internal flash ROM where the Canon® firmware is kept, rendering the camera unbootable. Since CHDK does not ever intentionally write to internal flash, it would take an extremely unlikely sequence of events to make this happen.

If you are concerned about this, you can minimize your risk by avoiding untested development builds (such as the autobuilds, or test builds posted on the forum) and being careful about what scripts you run.

- 1. http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,2335.0.html
- 2. http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/Scripts: Tele-Macro-Mode
- 3. http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Talk:UBASIC/Scripts#Tele-Super-

See: http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/FAQ

Q. When I switch off my camera and then switch it on again, the CHDK program does not work, What's wrong?

A. When you update your camera with CHDK, it doesn't actually change the firmware. Because it is just a memory-resident program, it only remains in the camera's memory until the camera is turned all the way off. So, if something goes wrong and camera does not respond, you can always switch the camera off (or remove the battery, and perhaps delete it from the memory card) to return to the original firmware.

See:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/FAQ

Q. Does using the CHDK program void your warranty?

A. Please bear in mind that CHDK comes with no warranty for any use; you use it at your own risk. What follows is just a few thoughts, and is not a legal opinion. Many believe that using the CHDK does not harm your warranty, since it is said to be loaded into the memory only temporarily (turn off the cam and it's gone completely) and that it leaves the original camera firmware untouched. Canon® Tech Support *says: "Unfortunately, any upgrades to the software of the camera not

■ Bracketing in continuous mode < Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu</p>

Bracketing is the practice of making several exposures of a scene, with each exposure differing from the next by predetermined steps in exposure or focus settings. Bracketing is used to easily capture a range of exposures so that the best exposure can be selected at a later time. Bracketing is also used to create a series of exposures which will be combined using methods such as HDR processing.



The bracketing features are enabled when the camera drive mode is set to continuous, and custom timer with some models.



Usage Tip: If you wish to fire off individual frames and still have bracketing for each one, after the first shot lightly let-up on the shutter button to a half- press position. The next full-press will give you another bracketed shot. This process can be repeated for as many bracketing steps as you need. Giving you finer control over the number of bracketed exposures you may require.



Set camera Custom Timer in Canon® Menu

See Bracketing notes: Page 49.

TV bracketing value [Off, 1/3 – 4 Ev]

Set this value to bracket via exposure time. A value of 1 will double or halve the exposure time for the following exposures.

• AV bracketing value [Off. 1/3 – 4 Ev]

Set this value to bracket via aperture. A value of 1 will open or close the aperture by 1 stop for the following exposures.

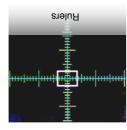
• Subj. Dist. Bracket Value [0 – 100]

Set this value to enable focus bracketing. This feature is only enabled during manual focus mode. This feature allows you to specify the manual focus distance in millimeters. This value is multiplied by the Value factor below to arrive at the final value.



Grids









Stereo Data Maker







Photos courtesy of Stereo Data Maker http://stereo.jpn.org/eng/sdm/index.htm

(Kite Aerial Photography)

KAP







Gustom Auto ISO < Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu

blur or get the right artistic exposure) and ISO instead of some sub-optimal default... Give additional information to the camera to allow it to select the optimal shutter speed (to avoid AutoISO and Auto-HI. As an example: Expand the AutoISO range from 80-200 to 50-400. This feature has 2 purposes: Allow the user to define the exact ranges of ISO used in

> Used as a multiplier for Distance bracketing value. [O001,001,01,1,10] Value factor (mm)

[001 - 0]ISO bracketing value

the final ISO value that will be used for bracketing. A value of 2, with a Value factor of 10, will Set this value to bracket via ISO. This value is multiplied by the Value factor below to arrive at

increase or decrease the ISO by 20 for following exposures.

[Off, 1, 10, 100] Value factor

Used as a multiplier for the ISO bracketing value.

 Bracketing type [+ '- '-/+]

Add raw-suffix

following exposures the exposure settings are adjusted as described below. With all bracketing types the first exposure uses the current exposure settings of the camera. On

shutter. So for example lets say you set the TV bracketing to "2 Ev", and when you half-press 0 Ev, -1 Ev, +1 Ev, -2 Ev, +2 Ev, -3 Ev, +3 Ev, etc. Bracketing will continue until you release the adding. The sequence goes like this... This bracketing type will alternatively apply the bracketing value by first subtracting then -/+

sec, etc. get exposures at these times: 1 sec, ¼ sec, 4 sec, 1/15 sec, 1/50 sec, 1/60 sec, 1/250 s

the shutter you notice an exposure time of I second. When you fully depress the shutter you will

example, the exposure times would be 1 sec, 1/4 sec, 1/15 sec, 1/60 sec, 1/250 sec, etc. This bracketing type works as above but will only reduce the exposure value. Using the above

subsequent exposures will occur at the maximum (or minimum) setting. example, the exposure times would be 1 sec, 4 sec, 15 sec. Once the camera's limit is reached, This bracketing type works as above but will only increase the exposure value. Using the above

Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable this option to turn off bracketing when the camera is turned off. Enable [●] / Disable [] Clear Bracket Values on Start

can easily identify the RAWs that were created during bracketing, it is disabled at default. In bracketing mode you now have the option to add a suffix to the raw filename, so that later you

As an example: Use a faster shutter and higher ISO when shooting sports, but go for a slower

HDR Panorama



The British Columbia Parliament Buildings in Victoria, BC -

located at 48°25′13.4″N, 123°22′11.1″W]]

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In short: you are free to distribute and modify the file as long as you attribute it's author(s) or licensor(s). Attribute to Ryan Bushby

Source:

http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Image:British_Columbia_Parliament_Buildings_-_Pano_-_HDR.jpg

This image was created by stitching together 20 sets of HDRI images each created from 3 exposures. This makes for a total of 60 photographs used to create this image. I used CHDK to allow for the taking of several bracketed shutter speed exposures without re-metering in between.

The final image is 35 mega-pixels. The whole process is described here:-

http://wiki.highinbc.yi.org/index.php/OffTopic:Photography/BC_Parliament_Buildings_HDR_mosaic

Motion Detect







Courtesy of kittenmoon

shutter and minimal ISO when shooting still landscapes) Method: The camera will try to maintain lowest ISO as long as shutter speed is no-slower than user defined (more below). Custom AutoISO will kick-in whenever ISO HI/AutoISO is chosen. This allows a quick manual override by choosing a specific ISO value.

Example: Camera set ISO 100 at 1/8s. AutoISO configured to ISO50-400 at 1/15s: AutoISO will shift to ISO200 to maintain 1/15s shutter speed. This feature is available in all modes except for Shutter priority (Tv). It is also disabled in stitch assist to prevent using different settings for each panorama part.

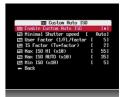
• Enable Custom Auto ISO Enable [●] / Disable []

This is the master switch for this feature.

Minimal Shutter Speed [Auto 1/8 -etc]

Here you have basically two options:

 Auto - This is for use when photographing still-life, landscapes, etc. It will use the factors below to prevent camera shake, but will assume the subject holds still.



Numerical setting - hint to the camera what the optimal shutter speed is for the subject you are photographing.

The camera will try to use this value or a faster one as much as possible (to prevent blur), e.g.

1/8s - 1/30s - Slow moving subjects.

1/60s - 1/125s - Kids, Pets, general movement

1/250s - 1/1000s - Sports, Fast action

• User Factor (1/FL/factor)

This setting accounts for the user's ability to hold the camera steady. It is based on the old rule that the shutter speed should be no less than 1/focal-length. Start by dividing the effective focal length of the lens by the actual focal length. The answer is generally somewhere around 6. Then increase or reduce this amount by a self-assessed value of your steadiness. If you think your hands are steadier than average then decrease by 20%. If you think you're shaky then increase by 20%.

• IS Factor (Tv*factor)

In determining the ISO setting, the effectiveness of the IS system will be taken into account. Use a setting of 4 if the IS is effective enough to give you a two-stop reduction in shutter speed. Use a setting of 2 if the IS isn't very effective, or 8 if the IS is very effective.

Max ISO HI (x10)

Sets the maximum "HI" ISO that the camera can select.

Max ISO Auto (x10)

Sets the maximum "Auto" ISO that the camera can select.

Min ISO (x10)

Sets the minimum "Auto" ISO that the camera can select.

Extra Photo Operations overrides will be cleared for the next time the camera is started.







WAR single RAM









are not for commercial use. Thanks to the owners for use in this User Guide. Note: The examples above are copyright ©, they remain the property of their respective owners and

See:- http://www.flickr.com/groups/hdr/pool/

a single RAW), and bracketing (Multiple shots with stepped Av, etc). years particularly. CHDK has made this much easier for the low end because of RAW capture (HDR from НDК (Ніgh Dynamic Range) is a popular branch of photography gaining acceptance over the last few

process HDR as well. There are now many applications that have been written for HDR processing, and Photoshop® can



Warning: This feature is not properly workable on all cameras yet.

and: http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,2501.msg23321.html#msg23321 See: http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,2595.msg24211.html#msg24211

Step Size (1EV)?) below). It is advisable to move the OSD EV override display over the showing your chosen EV-compensation settings by whatever step-size you have chosen (see UP or DOWN buttons the EV increased or decreased. There is also a screen display press the FUNC /SET or MENU buttons to adjust your EV settings while shooting. By pressing Turns the UP and DOWN buttons into quick EV compensation buttons. You no longer have to

cut. It also works while the Zebra Mode is engaged. You can fine-tune the Zebra alert just by You will see a real-time change in the EVF/LCD as you change your EV values with this shortcamera's own to prevent confusion.

When used in conjunction with the Curves "Auto DR" Mode you should never miss another pressing the UP and DOWN buttons with half shoot.

blown highlight or dropped shadow again.

teature engaged as well. A small price to pay for the ability to have these amazing teatures. One changing the EV setting, it will toggle your "Disable Overrides" on and off if you have that One drawback: If using the up and down buttons during a half-press to see Zebra alerts while

"Disable Overrides" shortcut will always toggle back to the original ON (or OFF) on every 2nd work-around, set the EV step-size to 1/2 what you normally would use, then the

EV +/- press, effectively resetting it where you wanted it in the first place.

EV compensation setting for your startup EV value. This Fast EV Switch will reflect that value start out with a small negative preset EV value to avoid blown highlights, then use Canon's own Note also: This change is not saved between camera power-downs. If you would always like to

: Enabled when Fast EV Switch is enabled.

: Use OSD parameters > OSD layout editor to move display.

• Step Size (1EV)? [1/6 Ev, 1/3 Ev, 1/2 Ev, 2/3 Ev, 5/6 Ev, 1Ev, and on -]

over the adjustment levels and steps in the original firmware. compensation with each UP or DOWN keypress. Step size is increments. A major improvement When using the Fast EV shortcut feature you can adjust how much you want to change your EV

Enable [•] \ Disable [] < Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu Force manual flash

separate steps up in flash output power. For optional control over camera flash output, use with Power of flash [0, 1, 2] to give 3

Power of flash [0,1,2]

Used with Force manual flash to adjust flash output.

0 = Low, 1 = Medium, 2 = Very High

More at:- Flash notes, and Force flash pics. on page 58

Quality override [Superfine, Fine, Normal, off] < Extra Photo Operations < Main Menu

Canon setting is used when "off" is selected, settings are saved in CCHDK.CFG For recent camera versions without Canon Superfine setting (SX200, SX20, etc)

Flash Notes

Notes on Force flash: From *PhyrePhoX*, for strobists: an option to manually override flash (for all cameras). even for IXUS cams. no need for a script anymore. **Important:** when enabled, this will not only override flash power, but also enable the CHECK if flash is needed. in other words: your camera will use flash even in bright sunlight and even if you disabled the flash. of course the flash will not fire on cameras with popup flashes when the flash is not popped up. there are three values for the flash to be set: low, middle and POWERFUL. be careful, don't flash at home, kids....This feature more or less created by *ewavr*, and code from *PhyrePhoX* - thanks.

For cameras with dedicated movie buttons, there is an extra menu item: Force flash only in moviemode When this is checked, the Force flash feature will be enabled for taking photos when recording a video.

Note: It appears that there is another advantage by using force flash - On cameras with adjustable flash intensity there will not be a pre-flash when the intensity is set manually, which will help greatly when using slave flashes.

See:- http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,1365.msg39384.html#msg39384

and:- Force flash pics. - below

.....

Examples

Force flash pics



Manual flash: low power (0)



Manual flash: medium power (1)



Manual flash: high power (2)



Pics thanks to walgas

Video Parameters

< Main Menu

Video Mode [Bitrate or Quality]

Video compression modes.

Bitrate – dictates a constant data rate.

Video compression (and hence, video quality) expands or contracts as necessary to maintain the data rate constant.



Quality – Sets a constant compression level, ensuring a defined level of quality regardless of how much data that level requires.

Note: Excess Bitrate and Quality settings can cause memory buffer overload, and stop recording, a red! will show on the OSD.

```
Video Bitrate [0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2, 2.5, 3]
```

The compression factor for Bitrate compression. 0.25 is the most compressed / least quality and 3 is the least compressed/best quality.

```
Video Quality [1 - 99] < Video Parameters < Main Menu
```

The compression factor for Quality compression. 1 is the most compressed / least quality and 99 is the least compressed / best quality.

Clear Video Params on Start? Enable [•] / Disable []

When enabled this will clear all your custom video compression settings back to the camera's own defaults on startup.

```
Fast Video Control Enable [ • ] / Disable [ ] < Video Parameters
```

Only a few cameras are supported. Pause and unpause video by pressing LEFT/RIGHT while recording. **Note:** When using this function the remaining video-record time calculation is reset, so the change is shown immediately in the OSD.

Video Quality Control ? Enable [•] / Disable []

When enabled, using the UP / DOWN button will increase or decrease video quality or bit-rate (depends on which one is enabled in the Video Mode override) - While you are recording.

Enable Optical Zoom Enable [•] / Disable [] < Video Parameters

This feature allows you to use the camera's optical zoom during video recordings.

Mute During Zooming Enable [•] / Disable []

To eliminate focus mechanism noise. Please note that the zoom mechanism sound is very loud in video, which is probably why it was disabled by the manufacturer.

```
AF key < Video Parameters < Main Menu
```

(Shutter button - half press, or FUNC.SET button) During video recording: camera makes a single autofocus scan.

```
0=7
                                               bress "shoot_half"
                                                          grand_bm:
                                             doto "md_singleshot"
                                               click "shoot_full"
                                                        0<7 [T7un
md_detect_motion a, b, i, x, d, c, l, t, h, l, l, a, f, 0, g, e
                                                              0=7
                                               bress "shoot_half"
                                                     ;wq z;udjespor
                                        if j>0 then goto "md_burst"
                              briuf ">[";a;",";b;"] threshold: ";c
                                                           0001*t=t
                                                            6=6*100
                                                    TI 1<0 fyeu 1=0
                                                    if f<l then f=l
                                                    if g<l then g=l
                                                    if c<0 then c=0
                                                    if b<l then b=l
                                                    if a<l then a=l
                                                       @default j 0
                                @baram j Burst/Preview (sec,0=off)
                                                       @default i l
                               @param i Measure Mode (1-Y,0-U,2-V)
                                                       @default h 0
                             @bsrsm h Reg Mode(0-no,1-incl,2-excl)
                                                         @default g 8
                             @baram g Pix-Step(speed/accuracy adj)
                                                       0 default f 0
```

MAM Parameters < Main Menu

recording-time, on the SD card,...

Enables the saving of RAW files. Enabling RAW does not Enable [•] / Disable [] WEA 9VES 🖾

Exceptions < Raw parameters < Main Menu

disable JPEG, both are saved. Also required for saving DNG.

of time are less accurate from each on-screen update to the next.

Refresh Rate (~sec) < Video Parameters < Main Menu

data-rate in Kilobytes per Second.

engage that and also shoot individual still-frames during video recording. It was found that Some cameras, the S-Series in particular, have a dedicated "Video Record" button where you can Disable @ Video Record?

miss a shot or video. RAW file-saving can interfere in this process. Turning this option on will ensure that you don't

how often that you want this Video-Recording time-remaining to be updated. Shorter periods

and the bit-rate to calculate a fairly accurate time-remaining estimate. Choose, in seconds,

the "Show Remaining Videotime" has to be updated regularly by re-polling the card-space

Due to the nature of video's variable bit-rate and compression methods, subject dependent,

Both - Display remaining video-recording time in both hours/mins/secs, and video

KB/s - Display video recording bandwidth (data-rate) in Kilobytes per Second.

Displays a positionable OSD element to show the video bit-rate, and the remaining video

Show Remaining Videotime [Don't, hh:mm:ss, KB/s, both] < Video Parameters

hh:mm:ss - Display a clock of remaining video-recording time left.

Don't - No display of remaining recording time and/or video data-rate.

Enable [•] / Disable [] Disable RAW @ Sports

sequences won't be missed due to RAW file-saving time, when forgetting to disengage the RAW Disable RAW saving when the Mode-Dial is turned to Sports Mode. This ensures that fast action

Enable [●] / Disable [] Disable RAW @ Burst

needed during fast burst-sequence shots (RAW enabled would certainly increase time between Disable RAW file-saving when using burst mode. Again, a handy override for when RAW is not

feature for the burst mode). Disable RAW file-saving when using the camera's Custom Timer mode (similar to the safety Disable RAW @ Timer Enable [●] / Disable []

[] eldsable [•] √ Disable []

also:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/Scripts (Excellent) and:- Scripting Tutorial Page - http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/TutorialScratchpad See:- FAQ-How do I use scripts? Page 63

http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/Scripts:Lightning_script_--_Fudgey

md_detect_motion a, b, i, x, d, c, l, t, h, l, l, a, f, 0, g, e

dofo "md_burst"

(X-U)=V for

:coufloop

release "shoot_full" If V<j then goto "contloop"

let U=get_tick_count

Jet X=get_tick_count

bress "shoot_full" 0<7 [T]un

display is turned off (Which may not be possible with some other settings). round plastic in the camera video transfer port and LCD will be off, although not as much saving as when Tip: For using intervalometer, and long exposure scripts - to save battery and LCD use a piece of %

```
:interval
 if p>0 then gosub "pause"
 print "Shot 1 of", c
 shoot
 if c=1 then end
 for n=2 to c
 sleep t
 print "Shot", n, "of", c
 shoot
 next n
 if g=1 then goto "interval" else end
:pause
 n=(a*60)+b
 for m=1 to n
 a=n-m
 print "Intvl Begins:", q/60; "min", q%60; "sec"
 sleep 930
 next m
 return
```

http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/Scripts:_Ultra_Intervalometer

UBASIC/Scripts: Lightning script -- Fudgey

Written for/on: Powershot S5 IS

Also works on: A540, A550, A590 so far.

Doesn't work on: A720 IS and some others.

This is basically a very fast and responsive motion detection script. This will definitely solve your problems if you want to catch lightning, (thus the title) or anything fast, however some objects will blur when the light conditions are insufficient. Enjoy this script!

Script Code (save as "Lightning script.bas" to your /CHDK/SCRIPTS/ folder)

rem Author: fudgey - based on BarneyFife's MD Lightning6 and MLuna's Motion Detect scripts rem Tested on A570IS, Allbest build 16 rem For bursts, set the camera in continuous shooting mode and set j>0 rem If j>0 in single shot mode, you will see your shot for j seconds on screen. @title Fast MD with Burst/Preview 080205 @param a Columns @default a 6 @param b Rows @default b 4 @param c Threshold (0-255) @default c 10 @param d Compare Interval (ms) @default d 1 @param e Trigger Delay (0.1 sec) @default e 42 @param f Rows to Exclude

• Disable RAW @ EV Bracketing Enable [•] / Disable []

Disable RAW file-saving when you are using any of the high-speed bracketing features.

• Disable RAW @ Edgeoverlay Enable [•] / Disable []

Disable RAW saving while using Edgeoverlay.

• Disable RAW @ Auto Enable [•] / Disable []

Disable RAW saving while using Auto shoot mode.

• Warn when Exception? Enable [•] / Disable []

Displays a "RAW Disabled" OSD warning in a selectable color when any of the RAW File-Saving Exceptions are enabled and RAW file-saving is turned on.

Dark Frame Subtraction < Raw parameters < Main Menu

Controls the application of the Dark Frame Subtraction feature of the Camera onto the RAW file. Dark Frame Subtraction is a function used to reduce the effects of sensor noise when the exposure time is 1.3 seconds or longer.

- Auto Performs a DFS on exposures 1.3 seconds or longer.
- Off Never performs a DFS.
- On Always performs a DFS.

By always performing a dark-frame subtraction the noise caused by the hot-pixels will be removed from any image. There will be a slight increase in processing time.

When shooting in continuous mode, this will only create a RAW capture for the first image. Subsequent images will not have RAW captures. This allows rapid continuous shooting.

RAW File in Dir with JPEG Enable [] / Disable []

Saves RAW files in the same folder as the JPEG files. If disabled then RAW files are always saved in the 100CANON folder.



RAW File Prefix [CRW, SND, IMG] < Raw parameters < Main Menu

CHDK lets you name RAW files with any combination of the standard prefixes IMG_, CRW_, SND. If you are going to process the RAW files with DNG4PS-2 then setting a prefix of IMG_ will allow DNG4PS-2 to retrieve EXIF data from the accompanying JPEG.

RAW File Extension [.CRW, .CR2, .THM, .WAV, .JPG]

Set the extension to be used on RAW files. so the files are visible when you connect the camera via USB.

RAW subtract extension [.CRW, .CR2, .THM, .WAV, .JPG]

Using more than one extension with the same prefix can cause a problem with USB listing.

See:-

http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,2045.msg18862.html#msg18862 Thanks reyalp.

be opened and edited using a basic text editor. However, when opened by the appropriate scripting engine, the commands within the script are executed.

In CHDK, scripts are used to automate a command or multiple commands to the camera in order to have the camera perform certain actions, ie: to hold the shutter open for a particular length of time, or to force a particular Av or ISO setting, (and many more actions). Nearly anything you can do by pressing buttons on your camera with your own fingers, you can also do automatically with these script commands. Note also that many scripts are universal for all relevant cameras, while others are camera model specific.

Inventive script programmers, the experienced, and the not so experienced, have been active from the beginning of CHDK, with many short and simple, and also the more complex scripts being made freely available to the CHDK community. Scripts such as: motion detect, time lapse, USB

Example Scripts:

doro "interval"

UltraIntervalometer (Time Lapse)

Script Code (save as "ult_intrvl.bas" to your /SCRIPTS/ folder)

```
print "1 Cycle Time:", y/60000; "min", y%60000/1000; "sec"
                                                     0*1=Z
                                       if p<0 then let p=0
                                       if g>l then let g=l
                                       if g<0 then let g=0
                                   if t<100 then let t=100
                                       if c<l then let c=5
                                    001*J+0001*P+00009*P=7
                                          D=9*60000+b*1000
                                              @default g 0
                             @bsrsm d Eugless; No=0 Kes=1
                                              @default f 5
                          (param f Interval (10th Seconds)
                                              @default e 0
                               @param e Interval (Seconds)
                                              @default d 0
                               @param d Interval (Minutes)
                                              @default c 5
                                  @param c Number of Shots
                                              @default b 0
                            @bsram b Delay lst Shot (Secs)
                                              @default a 0
                            Oparam a Delay lst Shot (Mins)
                              etttle Ultra Intervalometer
                  rem See documentation for important info
                         rem Use Endless mode with caution
                             rem Should be okay on others
                                  rem Written for S-Series
                                     rem Author - Keoeeit
```

MAM develop < Raw parameters < Main Menu

This feature is for RAW files created with CHDK, not the Canon native RAW of some cameras. Use this feature to process a RAW file and create a JPEG from it. When selected, a file browser window is displayed. Select a RAW file and press Set. Press Set again to clear the message, then press the <ALT> button to exit <ALT> mode. Finally, press the shutter. The RAW file will then be processed into a JPEG. The interesting aspect of this feature is that the processing will occur with the camera's current settings. So you can use the MyColors settings to create Vivid and Sepia versions of the same image, or simply tweak the sharpness or contrast settings. Normally, you would have to set MyColors before the image is taken, and you would get only one image.

Bad pixel removal [Off, Average, RAWconv] < Raw parameters < Main Menu

To remove defective pixels in a DNG image. Once you have generated a list with all the "bad" pixels for your camera, CHDK can remove them automatically.

See:- Bad pixel Notes on page 51.

and also:- Badpixel removal at http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Badpixel_removal

DIG format Enable [•] √ Disable []

Automatic conversion of RAW image in the DNG format, in the camera. This format can be read by many image editing programs. Also includes meta data like EXIF and whitebalance / color matrix information. For this feature to be activated, the CHDK file directory badpixel bin is required, it can be generated either on a Windows PC (see Badpixel_removal at the Wiki, or Page 51 for more information), or directly in the camera with a script. This file contains specific information on camera-pixel errors. The DNG files created have the same file extension as described in RAW, and can be reset manually to DNG. There is also an automatic function to rename for most cameras. DNG format is now the preferred method of CHDK RAW capture.

DNG, file extension Enable [•] / Disable []

To distinguish DMG from RAW files. The DMG RAW image files will be stored as <fi>

<

KAW buffer cached Enable [•] / Disable []

When enabled, saves the DNG file using the RAW buffer.

More about HAW

To get the RAW files onto your computer you must use a flash card
reader. The most versatile way to work with RAW is to first convert
the RAW files to the Adobe DNG format (Adobe Digital NeGative.)
This conversion can now be done in camera. See DNG format above.

This conversion can now be done in camera. See DNG format above.

processed with Photoshop® or any other popular photo processing



software.

See also:- Raw notes on page 50

Grids Notes

Grids are an overlay for the EVF/LCD display that can help you with composition, cropping, subject / image alignment, and other novel things. Normally most cameras only offer you one simple option, a "Rule of Thirds" composition grid, but with CHDK the sky is now the limit on what you want displayed on your viewfinder for these handy photographer's tools.

You can Load and run the Grid files from the CHDK <ALT> + Menu path of: "OSD Parameters" > "Grid" > "Load Grid from File..." When not in <ALT> mode you can quickly turn the Grid Overlay (and all other CHDK OSD elements) on or off with a simple Half-Shutter-Press + Right-Navigation button combination.

Or put the "Grid" > "Show Grid Lines" menu toggle on your fast-access Custom User-Menu if not wishing to turn off all of CHDK displays.

See:- Grid Tutorial & User Contributions See also: Grids Pics - Page 61.

Curves Notes

Custom Curves

Enables the use of custom "curve" profiles to adjust the exposure of RAW and JPEG images. Please read this long thread - Custom processing for JPEG (Tone curve, CA ...):-

http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,932.0.html at the CHDK Forum, for its full functions and use. As well as downloading a custom-curve editor (PC) to create your own profiles. (You may have to login there to download any attachments in the posts.) For those of you new to curve adjustments to exposures there's a nice little overview to what they do and how they might affect an image in this Curve Anthology:

http://www.curvemeister.com/support/curvemeister2/help/Articles/CurveMoves.htm

Difference between CV and CVF curves: CV curves are the standard RGB curves. CVF curves are special versions of the curves which intends to avoid color shift side effect of the RGB curves. They are an approximation of the luminance curves. Except the SYSCURVES.CVF file, it is recommended to put the curves files in the \curves directory.

.....

Scripting Notes

Well! where do we start, it is well known that Scripts and Scripting deserves a manual of it's own, but for this limited size User Guide we will have to be content with a very brief overview.

Definition of a Script: A simple program in a utility language, another term for macro or batch file. In computer programming, a computer script is a list of commands, or instructions, that are executed by a certain program or scripting engine. They are usually just text documents that contain instructions written in a certain scripting language (ie: uBASIC, Lua). This means most scripts can



■ Enable edge overlay Enable [•] / Disable []

Creates and overlays a high-contrast outline of the edges in the last half-press or shot that you took. Valuable for those that want to align features for panorama stitching or for doing stop-frame animations. Similar to an "onion-skinning" mode in animation software. During shoot mode half or full press this feature adds an overlay based on the image edges, additionally a grid that matches the Canon grid is added.



Use the left, right, up or down buttons to shift the overlay (use it in <ALT> mode to avoid changing the camera options). The edge overlay is frozen when taking a shot. The frozen edges are displayed from then on when the shutter gets half-pressed, FROZEN is shown in the OSD. When you shoot again it goes back to the original behavior - showing the edges of the current image on half-press. This behavior is useful when shooting stereo pairs. For panoramas you would want to freeze the edges after every full press.

Zebra mode should be disabled when using the Edge Overlay.

Save Edge Overlay < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

After creating an overlay, navigate to this menu item and Press Func./Set to save.

Load+Set Zoom Enable [•] / Disable [] < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

When this function is activated, the zoom position is saved with the currently loaded edge-overlay .

Lock Edge Overlay Enable [•] / Disable []

Enable this to ensure the edge-overlay you loaded or just created is not overwritten in the OSD at half-press. **Note:-** This checkbox is overwritten on each camera startup.

Edge overlay threshold [0 - 255] < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

Set the edge-overlay sensitivity. Lower values create edges along lower contrast / lower-brightness edges. Higher values only create edges on the highest contrast / brightest boundaries, and therefore fewer, finer, and more well defined lines. Adjust to suit your preference.

Edge overlay color < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

When selected press SET to display the standard color selection palette, to choose an edgeoverlay highlighting color. Choose a color then press FUNC.SET again to register that color with this function

Enable in Play Enable [•] / Disable [] < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

Enables edge-overlay to be displayed in playback mode.

Free internal Memory < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

Clears the items saved in the Save Edge Overlay menu.

Load Edge Overlay < Edge Overlay < Main Menu

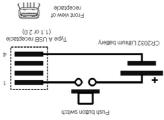
Press Func./Set takes you to Edge folder, choose an edge overlay to load.

Homemade USB remote cable

end. Below is a circuit diagram of such a switch. camera's USB cable is then attached to the camera at one end and to the triggering device by the other triggering device from a 3V CR2032 coin battery, a USB extension cable, and a push switch. The A popular method for remotely triggering CHDK-enabled cameras involves constructing a simple

the USB standard. It seems that even cheaply made USB cables then wires I and 4 are red and black, respectively, according to If you are cutting up a commercially-made USB extension cable,

e.g. three I.5V AAA cells connected in series. the camera; if not, you may need to use a different power source, Note that the 3V CR2032 battery might not be enough to trigger follow this standard.







to buy available devices A range of some



Check the extensive forum thread:-

Enable built-in CHDK remote support

remote shutter release control via USB, and some only by script. First, ensure you are running a reasonably up-to-date CHDK build. Some early builds did not support

Now enable remote support via the CHDK menu: Main Menu > Miscellaneous Stuff > Remote

http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php?PHPSESSID=7973386aacdc6fb7e1b409702af56bbb&topic=294.0

Parameters > Enable Remote

release more accurately to the voltage trigger signal for specialized reasons. most single-camera circumstances, however, you won't need this unless you need to sync the shutter rise in voltage when it closes may not occur quickly enough to trigger CHDK's remote function.) Under better as the voltage drops. (It can also be useful if a switch has poor-quality contacts, in which case the port. This was done because it was found to sync the shutters on 2 cameras for stereo imagery is much Note. If you enable the "Sync Delay" then the shutter will release after you stop the voltage to the USB

"Enable remote" in Scripting Parameters - [] Also note: When downloading images to computer with USB it may be necessary to uncheck





RAW and JPG images. (Cameras with 12 bit sensors are not yet Enables the use of custom "curve" profiles to adjust the exposure of

supported-Dec09).

Difference between CV and CVF curves:

CV curves are the standard RGB curves.

CVF curves are special versions of the curves which intends to

avoid color shift side effect of the RGB curves. They are an

approximation of the luminance curves.

Except the SYSCURVES.CVF file it is recommended to put the curves files in the

/curves directory.

See:- http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,932.0.html

国 Enable Curve [None, Custom, +1 EV, +2Ev, Auto DR]

- None No curve profile is applied.
- Custom A custom curve profile is applied as-is.
- http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php?action=dlattach;topic=932.0;attach=1816 which also folder, this file is included in the "complete" CHDK packages. It is also contained in a file at The following three options require that you have a SYSCURVES.CVF file in your /CHDK
- in the CHDK file browser the file name is shown in shortened format as "SYSCUR~1.CVF". cameras the file "SYSCURVES.CVF" should be placed on the memory card by a card reader; Due to the limitation to short 8.3 file names in the file browser of current DryOS-based confains the editor.
- +1EV Increases shadow detail by 1EV step.
- +ZEV Increases shadow detail by ZEV steps.
- Auto DR (auto dynamic range):
- and not for post processing (the feature is just mimic of the Fuji \$100 +200, +400 Dynamic Auto DR with Zebra is intended to be used for the direct application of the curves to the shot
- Range). The workflow is:
- 1. Activate Zebra display
- 2. Activate Auto DR
- 3. Use the camera EV negative compensation to reduce the Zebra overblown highlights
- 4. Take the shot. You will directly get the JPG without post processing. The luminance of the shown on screen. You can use the (+/-) button on the back of the camera.
- reduce the highlight blown out when you took the RAW. Care should be taken with in camera During the RAW develop process, you need to set the EV comp. to the value that you used to darker areas will be raised while the highlight is compressed.
- develop since it is a tricky art there (for White Balance issues in particular).

If the scene does not require you to reduce exposure to avoid blown highlights, the Auto DR

feature does not do anything.

Load Curve Profile

Load your choice of curve profile from the /CHDK/CURVES folder. All curve profile files

except for SYSCURVES.CVF should be in this folder.

See also:- Curves on page 54.

Instructions for BADPIXEL.LUA...

* Q. When I select the script with Func./Set, nothing happens, How do I run it?

A. From fe50- Thanks fe50

Ok, then follow me...

- power your camera on, half-press the shutter, to go to record mode
- press PRINT, then press FUNC/SET
- select "Load script from file", go 2 steps down to the TEST/ folder, press FUNC/SET
- select "BADPIXEL.LUA", press FUNC/SET
- start the script with the SHUTTER!
- wait until you see "press SET to save....." (This may take 30 seconds or so, please be patient)
- press FUNC/SET to store the badpixel.bin automatically in the right place (/CHDK/badpixel.bin)
- press PRINT to leave the <ALT> mode, press PRINT again to enter <ALT> mode
- press MENU, go to the "RAW parameters", enter it with FUNC/SET
- enable the settings "Save RAW", "DNG format" and "DNG file extension"
- press PRINT to leave the <ALT> mode again

Now RAW saving in DNG format is enabled, transfer the DNG files with a card reader...

See:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/Badpixel_removal

and:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CHDK_firmware_usage/AllBest#Hot-Pixel_Removal_. 28Build_100-16_and_later.29

USB Remote Notes

USB Remote Cable

Using a USB cable, a low voltage power supply, and a push button switch, you can construct a device that will allow you to remotely trigger the shutter of your CHDK-enabled camera. Remote triggers are most often used in low-light situations when pressing the shutter button on the camera could introduce picture spoiling camera shake, but can also be useful in other circumstances - for instance if you wish to trigger the shutter with your foot, or with an electronic signal from another device.

In order to trigger a CHDK camera remotely, you will need to connect a suitable triggering device to the USB socket of the camera, ensure "Enable remote" is selected in CHDK, select a shoot mode (i.e. not playback mode, movie mode, alt mode, etc) with CHDK still running, operate the trigger!

Triggering devices

The triggering device should incorporate a power supply - a battery, for instance - that has its negative (or ground) terminal connected to pin 4 of a mini-USB cable and its positive terminal connected to pin 1 of a mini-USB cable via a momentary push-to-make switch. The power supply should provide a voltage that is no greater than 5V (or you can risk damage to your camera), but which must be greater than or equal to the minimum voltage specified on the Camera-Features page.

See:- http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/CameraFeatures



Enables and customizes the Live Histogram feature.

Histogram Anatomy

The horizontal component of a histogram runs from 0 to 255. What is important to understand is the "0" and "255" are not values...they are labels representing a color value. When you see a line in the middle of the histogram (label "127") it's saying "this is how many '127's there are in the image."



The vertical component of a histogram is the count of pixels at a given level. The bottom is zero and the top represents the largest count of values for a label. So if you have a 7MP image and every color is "127", then the top of the histogram represents 7 million pixels.

RGB Histogram

RGB histograms simply count pixels at each level. The RGB histogram of an image of three boxes (red, green, and blue) where every color has a value of 127 would be a single line in the middle of the histogram (at label "127".)

Luminance (Y) Histogram

Luminance histograms attempt to factor in the perceived brightness of colors. A luminance histogram of an image of three boxes (red, green, and blue) where every color has a value of 127 will show three lines at labels "38" (red- x 0.3), "75" (green x 0.59), and "14" (blue x .11).

Show live histogram [Don't, Always, Shoot] < Histogram parameters < Main Menu

- **Don't** Don't show histogram on LCD.
- Always Always show the histogram on the LCD.
- **Shoot** Only show the histogram when shutter is half-pressed.

Histogram layout [RGB, Y, RGB Y, R G B, RGB all, Y all, Blend, Blend Y]

- **RGB** Displays the RGB histogram only.
- Y Displays the luminance histogram only.
- **RGB Y –** Displays RGB above luminance.
- **R G B** Displays three histograms, one for each color.
- **RGB all** Displays all 5 variations of histograms with RGB on top.
- Yall Displays all 5 variations of histograms with luminance on top.
- **Blend** Combines the three histogram of the R G B display into one.
- **Blend Y** Same as Blend but with the addition of luminance below.

Sources, and for further study:-

http://encyclopedia2.thefreedictionary.com/bit%20depth

http://www.cambridgeincolour.com/tutorials/camera-sensors.htm http://designorati.com/articles/t1/photoshop

http://encyclopedia2.thefreedictionary.com/bit%20depth

http://www.wildtramper.com/sw/crw/crw.html

http://www.howtofixcomputers.com/forums/digital-photo/bitdepth-chdk-raw-files-powershot-79781.html

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RAW_image_format

http://www.photoxels.com/tutorial_raw.html

http://insights.betterphoto.com

http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php?

PHPSESSID=7973386aacdc6fb7e1b409702af56bbb&board=15.0

Raw Develop

Main Menu > RAW Parameters > RAW Develop

Another feature from ewavv. This allows you to select any RAW file on your SD card and then process it into a JPG file so that you may view it in your camera. Exceptionally handy after using any of the RAW Merge features so you can see the result without the need of a computer and extra RAW processing

Choose "RAW Develop" and you will be presented with a file-browser display. Navigate to the RAW file that you want to process into a JPG file. After pressing SET to select your file, you will be asked to "Switch Camera to Record Mode and take one shot." Press SET again to back out of this menu, then use the All Tatasele hutton to avis All Tatasele Breast Appendix

the <ALT> toggle button to exit <ALT> mode. Press the shutter button. Instead of taking an image, it will take that selected RAW file and now make a JPG file from it. It will be named according to whatever last JPG filename is in that folder and increment it by I.

named according to whatever tast JPG filename is in that tolder and increment it by 1.

Keep in mind that the EXIF data on this new JPG file will not reflect the original RAW file. It will use whatever camera settings were available at the time that you take the RAW Developing Shot for the

resulting EXIF data.

Mote: RAW file-saving must be turned OM for this feature to work. If RAW is not turned on, or you select a JPG file for "developing", then no action will take place.

Bad pixel Notes

...btno.

Bad, or hot pixels affect DMG images especially for long exposures. In the RAW parameters menu (Main Menu) is "Bad pixel removal". Once you have generated a list with all the "bad" pixels for your camera*, CHDK can remove them automatically. To obtain this list of hot-pixel coordinates you need to capture a "dark frame" by shooting an image with the lens completely capped. For shutter speeds longer than 1 to 10 seconds, it's wise to keep a collection of dark-frames on hand for each exposure length that you will be using in the future, as more warm and hot-pixels show up with extended shutter speeds. After that you can use this program: http://ewavr.nm.ru/chdk/show_bad.zip

Y bnela Blend Y all RGB all BGB RGB Y RGB

Histogram Screenshots

• Histogram mode [Linear, Log] < Histogram parameters < Main Menu

Determines how the Y-axis (vertical) of the histogram will be scaled. Log is useful for scenes with a large amount of a single color, such as an overcast sky (lots of gray.)

RAW notes

It may be said that CHDK owes it's existence to the desire for saving RAW in RAW barren Powershot cameras. By inspired work on the Firm update procedure with these cameras, it was discovered that RAW was actually a disabled function of the original firmware, and with further genius, enabling RAW saving and other functions saw the beginnings of the CHDK.

The name RAW actually suggests that this is a file without any changes straight from the camera's sensor, and with CHDK this is the case. In some cameras this is not the case, some have had some kind of processing such as sharpening, adding of a header file, Exif data, compression, and even white balance, it could be suggested even unknown processing (except to the manufacturer).

The belief that the RAW file will contain more depth or digital information is the motivator for saving RAW, so that in processing, more digital information is available to work with.

Most RAW enabled cameras save as 12 bits per pixel or 14 bits per pixel whereas CHDK is 10 or 12 bpp, depending on the camera model, this is still far more than the 8 bit JPEG depth, This means you can make a wider range of adjustments without compromising picture quality.

RAW is therefore a powerful option that most advanced digital cameras make available to photographers who do not want the camera to apply any in-camera processing to the captured RAW data, preferring to do that themselves in post-processing. Shooting with RAW still has a fundamental principle to apply though - it won't correct mistakes that are made in the shooting procedure, exposure and other parameters are still required to be correct at shoot time for a high quality image. You cannot take a grossly underexposed or overexposed picture in RAW, and expect to be able to "correct your mistakes".

RAW data takes longer to write to a memory card and there is a need to post-process every single picture. These two requirements might be a major hindrance depending on the type of photography you do. If you need to take pictures in rapid succession, and your digital camera does not provide a large enough RAW buffer, you will be hampered by the extra amount of time it takes to write a large RAW image file to the memory card. Camera RAW files are typically 2–6 times larger than JPEG files. While use of RAW formats avoids the compression artifacts inherent in JPEG, fewer images can fit on a given memory card. Post-processing every single image is also a chore that not many amateur photographers (and some professional photographers) enjoy doing. This means that, for most practical purposes, amateur photographers will find that saving in RAW is not an interesting option, and that shooting in JPEG is more than sufficient.....Unless...You are unsure of the white balance to use or need accurate colour reproduction of a subject, or you want optimum control over sharpness, contrast, saturation; Many photographers are finding that they do want the control that RAW gives them.

With some cameras, and also with CHDK, you can have the advantage of saving RAW and JPEG, this

With some cameras, and also with CHDK, you can have the advantage of saving RAW and JPEG, this means having the option to just keep the RAWs that you need for optimum processing, or otherwise just keeping the JPEGs if you are pleased with the camera's processing.

For many, saving in JPEG is more than adequate. JPEG files are compressed, and, compared to RAW, they are smaller, save faster, and more images can fit on a memory card. Many professional photographers shoot at the highest JPEG image quality. Remember also RAW can be disabled for certain shooting conditions, see the RAW parameters menu for "Disable RAW @ burst" etc.

There is no single RAW format; formats can be similar or radically different. Different manufacturers use their own proprietary and typically undocumented formats, which are collectively known as RAW format. The DNG (Adobe) format has been put forward as a possible universal standard.

Processing CHDK RAW is possible using a number of available applications, particularly DNG4PS-2, free software created for CHDK, others are listed at the CHDK Wiki.

Recently it has been recommended to use the in camera DNG conversion, producing a widely compatible DNG image file, recognized by the popular image editors. Using the DNG format also has the advantage of downloading over USB, including the Exif data from the corresponding JPEG.



In this example the image is both over and under exposed (the scene has a very wide dynamic range)

A 10 MP camera might have its Y-axis scaled like this...

Linear	Log
10,000,000 pixels	10,000,000 pixels
7,500,000 "	1,000,000 "
6,250,000 "	100,000 "
5,000,000 "	10,000 "
3,750,000 "	1,000 "
2,500,000 "	100 "
1,250,000 "	10 "
1	1 "

Show histogram over/under EXP Enable [•] / Disable []

EXP in on-screen display. If parts of a scene are over or under exposed, then this setting will display "EXP" above the histogram, and a red dot at the end that is exceeding exposure limits.

Ignore boundary peaks [0 - 32]

Another tool for controlling the scaling of the histogram. If you know that a scene will contain large amounts of black or white (e.g a moon shot) you can set how many levels from the left or right edges of the histogram to ignore, if those levels peak in the histogram. This will increase the visibility of the smaller portion of the histogram.

Auto magnify Enable [•] / Disable []

N.NNx in on-screen display. Another tool for controlling the scaling of the histogram. This option will magnify the Y-axis (vertical) if less than 20% of the histogram area is filled. The purpose of this function is to make the histogram easier to read when there are very tall peaks. This function lies somewhere between the Linear and Log options above. A red dot over a peak indicates that it's been clipped due to the magnification. The amount of magnification applied is displayed over the histogram.

No Magnification



With Magnification



КAР

Kite aerial photography (KAP) is a hobby and a type of photography. A camera is lifted using a kite and is triggered either remotely or automatically to take aerial photographs. The camera rigs can range from the extremely simple, consisting of a trigger mechanism with a disposable camera, to complex apparatuses using radio control and digital cameras. On some occasions it can be a good alternative to other forms of aerial photography. (From Wikipedia - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/

Bracketing notes

Main_Page)

"Bracketing" is the taking of a series of shots with an incremental, usually subtle change in a variable between each one. Bracketing can be done with changes in shutter speed, ISO, aperture value, focus, etc, and though a bit challenging, several variables can be bracketed in combination, as well. Usually bracketing is done in order to cover a range of the variable values in an effort to capture the best of several shots. In such cases, bracketing can be done hand held, "on the fly" so to speak, and is most likely done in "Cominuous shooting" mode, also in Custom Timer mode if the camera can take multiple shots in that mode. Usually, the photos are viewed after download side by side as thumbnails (or further scrutinized in a browser), the "pick(s) of the bunch" is kept, and the rest are discarded.

(Note: When using Custom Timer mode for bracketing, the shutter button requires just one press, not

held down as in Continuous mode)
Focus Bracketing is the taking of a series of photographs where the point of focus is moved incrementally between each shot. This is usually applied to macro applications where depth of field is notoriously

shallow. But there's something much more fun we can do with a handful of focus bracketed shots!

"DOF Stacking" (Depth of Field Stacking) is where we combine a selection of focus bracketed photos in a similar manner to the way that three or more images are combined to make single HDR photos. Presumably, the term "stacking" most likely comes from the physical stacking of different negatives to obtain a desired effect of a photo during processing in a darkroom. (-Anybody remember those?) The resulting image from DoF stacking can have usually paradoxical qualities; the superb detail of a macro shot with the depth of field of a landscape shot. CHDK makes it possible.

See: http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/DoF_Stacking

Show Histo Ev Grid Enable [•] / Disable [] < Histogram parameters < Main Menu



Adds 4 or 5 vertical lines to the histogram dividing the histogram by full stops.



Zebra parameters < Main Menu

Acbra is a feature that indicates over and under exposed areas of the scene. When the shutter is half-pressed, the areas of the scene that are under or over exposed will turn red. The zebra effect can also be applied to existing images by half-pressing the shutter during playback mode.

■ Draw Zebra Enable [•] \ Disable []

Enables the drawing of over/under exposure indicators.

Zebra mode [Blink 1, Blink 2, Blink 3, Solid, Zebra 1, Zebra 2]

Determines how the over/under exposed areas will be indicated.

- Blink 1 Solid coverage, blinks every ½ second.
- Blink 2 Solid coverage, blinks every second.
- Blink 3 Solid coverage, blinks every two seconds.
- Solid Solid coverage, no blinking.
- Zebra 1 Striped coverage, thin diagonal lines.
- Zebra 2 Striped coverage, thick diagonal lines.







The A640, A700, A710, G7, IXUS700, A570 (by *Rossig/MX3*) and IXUS800 were soon supported and new video features added.

Tv bracketing in continuous-shooting mode, long-exposure feature by *Fingalo* and A560 support followed. The first cameras to be supported were all based on the Canon® Digic II® processor using the VxWorks® operating system. Later 'hacks' included Digic III® cameras with VxWorks® or DRYOS® operating system. Richard Lemieux investigated the limited accuracy of the camera's distance reading. *ewavr* (aka 'Zosim') had already discovered how to read the memory-mapped hardware registers that the camera's keys, SD card status and USB-connection status were connected to.

On certain cameras, it was then possible for the software to prevent the camera going into download mode when a voltage (+3 to +5V) was applied to the USB connection (by plugging into the PC, for example). The USB status could be read like any key on the camera. This feature was included in the SDM and Fingalo builds and this release of SDM takes the concept further by allowing two cameras to be highly synchronized for stereo photography. New cameras were ported, the original WIKI transferred to the current one and in November 2007 a CHDK forum opened to continue discussion outside of 'DP Review'. At the end of December 2007, discussion transferred to the 'CHDK Forum'.

Stereo Data Maker (SDM)

Yahoo StereoData Maker Group: - http://tech.groups.yahoo.com/group/StereoDataMaker

A customized CHDK with features designed for making 3D-Stereo images. (As well as numerous features for 2D photography). It provides on-screen (EVF/LCD) stereo information and can save the accompanying stereo-image's data to different file-types. See:- http://stereo.jpn.org/eng/index.html for a myriad of support programs for creating and displaying stereo images made with SDM-CHDK (Stereo Data Maker CHDK). MX3's Motion Detection feature (see below) is also included together with script commands for controlling the LEDs, all of *Fingalo*'s build 124 features, *ewavr's* Video Compression and USB 'cable release'. A560, A570,G7, IXUS700 (SD500) and IXUS800 (SD700) builds are also provided. all the features of *Fingalo* 128 and selected features from the *AllBest* builds.

The website includes a design for electronics that enables full-speed continuous-mode synchronized stereo shooting with external flash at shutter speeds up to 1/1000 sec.

Other features are :-

Drift-free synchronization at up to 1/20,000 sec with twinned-cameras for virtually no additional cost. No hardwiring required and no vulnerable external equipment.

Single-shot, delayed single-shot and full-speed continuous-mode synchronized-shooting with external flash at shutter-speeds up to 1/1000 sec.

Synchronizing of any number of multiple cameras with fixed or progressive flash-delay.

Overriding of shutter-speed to provide values from 65 seconds to 1/40,000 sec in 1/3EV increments.

On-screen-display options include two 'Rangefinder' modes that allow you to set the near and far-point distance by using the lens telephoto setting as a rangefinder.

The resulting scene-deviation is then displayed as a horizontal bar-graph .. coloured red if it exceeds your maximum-permissible deviation and required-aperture is indicated.

<ALT> + <FuncSet> then moves lens to calculated optimum-focus for the subject-range.">

'Get image-stack' in continuous-shooting mode acquires images at varying focus positions for creating extended depth-of-field images. 'Show SDM Configuration' for quick overview of settings.

On-screen displays individually enabled and all enabled displays toggled on/off by shutter half-press + key right.

Thanks to David - Microfunguy

UnderExposure threshold [0 – 32]

Controls the sensitivity of exposure indication. 0 is less sensitive and 32 is very sensitive.

OverExposure threshold [0 – 32]

Controls the sensitivity of exposure indication. 0 is less sensitive and 32 is very sensitive.

Restore original screen Enable [●] / Disable []

This option only applies to Zebra Blink modes.

When exposure indicators are visible, all of the original Canon indicators are erased. When this option is enabled, the original Canon screen items (such as exposure) are redrawn between blinks.

Restore OSD Enable [●] / Disable [] Zebra parameters < Main Menu

This option only applies to Zebra Blink modes.

When exposure indicators are visible, all of the CHDK half-shutter indicators are erased. When this option is enabled, the CHDK half-shutter indicators (such as DOF calculator) are redrawn between blinks.

Draw over zebra [Histo, OSD, Nothing]

This option applies to all Zebra modes.

When exposure indicators are visible, nothing else is displayed on the screen. This option specifies which additional indicators will be drawn.

Histo – Only the live histogram is drawn with the exposure indicators.

OSD – The entire CHDK OSD is drawn with the exposure indicators.

Nothing – Nothing else is drawn with the exposure indicators.

RGB zebra (overexp. Only) Enable [●] / Disable []

Overexposed areas are indicated by the color of the channel that is overexposed. Underexposed areas are ignored.

Black – All channels are overexposed.

Red - Red channel is overexposed.

Green – Green channel is overexposed.

Blue - Blue channel is overexposed.

Cyan – Green and blue channels are overexposed.

Magenta – Red and blue channels are overexposed.

Yellow – Red and green channels are overexposed.









History of CHDK

During the second half of 2006, programmer VitalyB' studied a disassembly of the firmware update for an

IXUS camera in order to understand the Canon® firmware-update procedure. With that knowledge, he was able to write his own program that installed itself and then downloaded a

copy of the Canon® firmware by blinking an LED. The program was installed in playback mode via the standard 'Firmware Update' option.

The hack copies the original initialization firmware and modifies it so that less ram is available to the OS.

A custom process is then run in an area of ram that is not accessible to the OS. After studying the camera firmware, he developed the "RAW enabler" that allowed A610 users to save

Ariet studynig ine caineta infilmate, ne developed ine "NAW enablet" diat anowed Aoto dsets to save uncompressed 10-bit RAW images as well as the JPG images.

Adam Dunkel's uBASIC interpreter was included to allow support for scripting and Pablo d'Angelo

improved the parser to replace line-numbers with labels.

The initial builds provided a 'live' histogram, scripting, three-exposure-bracketing and, to the irritation of

many users, displayed "hello world" on the screen.

Support for A620, A630 and A710is quickly followed.

Log/linear histograms were added followed by RGB histograms and a layout editor for the on-screen displays (OSD) allowed the user to move them to the most convenient locations.

Future development would rely on cameras and their firmware dumps being available. It was published on a Russian website and when 'discovered' in mid December, a poster on DP Review

It was published on a Russian website and when 'discovered' in mid December, a poster on DP Review forum 'Canon Talk' said "sounds very interesting, surprised no interest in it."

That would soon change ... in February 2007 'DP Review' reported another programmer 'GrAnd' had added display of miscellaneous values (focal distance, zoom step and factor, hyper-focal distance) and a

Users were initially wary that this 'hack' may damage their cameras but after others had tested it they

became enthus a street about each new feature. GrAnd added shadow and highlight-clipping warmings to the histogram, a DOF calculator (based on the real aperture-value) displayed on shutter half-press and percentage-capacity indication for the battery

with adjustable min/max voltage.

A file-browser and text-reader followed together with 'flash-light', choice of prefix, extension and save-

location for RAW files. Instead of loading each time the camera was turned-on, CHDK was next made auto-loading by using a

locked' SD card containing a DISKBOOT.BIN file.

After booting, the file DISKBOOT.BIN is 'hidden' so that the camera is not in a permanent boot-state.

A calendar and clock were added together with text-reader auto-scroll, support of RBF fonts and initial

support for the S3IS.

The DOF calculator for the S3IS was based on interpolation of the lens focal-lengths.

Pursons of Cache details the Profile Propulse of Mark 1 and also propulsed a propulse of the profile of the propulse of the profile of t

By request, GrAnd started an English-language WIKI and also provided a very convenient, ready-to-use Windows environment for would-be CHDK developers.

GrAnd also developed all the essential tools and functions that we now regard as the basic CHDK. This major innovation made it possible for relatively inexperienced programmers to develop their own

specialized builds.

The first was SDM in June 2007, followed in September by MX3's motion-detection and then Fingalo's

enhanced uBasic scripting commands.

Other people provided downloads of firmware and ports of the basic CHDK to additional camera models.



☑ Show OSD Enable [•] / Disable []

Тhe CHDK On Screen Display.

• Hide OSD? [Don't, In Play, On Display, both]

Dou.t - slwsys shows the OSD icons/elements

In Play - hides them in playback

On Display - hides them when you toggle the CANON icons on/off with the display button

(does not work for the evf)

• **both** - hides OSD in both playback and by "display button cycling", Helpful to those who

were bothered by seeing the battery and other indicators in their playback screens.

Center Menu Enable [●] / Disable []

An adjustment to the CHDK Menu screens to place them evenly on the LCD screen.

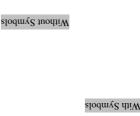
Auto Select 1st Entry @ Menu Enable [•] / Disable []

Quickly position the menu-selection cursor on the first entry in any CHDK menu. Instead of having to press DOWN once to enter the menu options it will now start out already on the first menu option.

Enable Symbols Enable [●] / Disable []

То display Menu Symbols







The size of the 1st partition is fixed to 2MB in the code (not changeable in the CHDK menu), but you can change it there and compile your own build, if you know how, using *whim's* CHDK Shell, http://drop.io/gcc_for_chdkshell

Normally the creation of a partition deletes all data on the card, the swap command should not delete any data, but you should test this first!

The partitions can also be created manually with a card reader on a computer, the 1st partition must be less than 4GB and formatted with FAT16.

To prepare SD cards, and make them bootable for auto starting of CHDK, the applications Cardtricks, or SDMInst.exe, are used on Windows OS, and SDMInst for Mac OS. For installation information and instructions, see the supplement to this User Guide:

http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/File:CHDK_Installation_Guide.pdf- or http://drop.io/CHDK_Quick_Start_User_Guide

• ALT +/- debug action < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu

Action for the +/- key (on IXUS series DISP is used instead) values are [None], [Dmp RAM] -> a complete memory (RAM) dump will be written to the SD card [Page] in this mode the page shown in the properse viewer can be changed (double-press changes the paging direction (up/down))

- Show saving time < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff
- Remote parameters < Miscellaneous stuff < Main Menu

See Page 36

This feature enables the display of DNG files on your computer, via USB connection.

■ User Menu < OSD parameters < Main Menu



Add frequently used menu items to make a custom easy access menu.

User Menu Enable < OSD parameters < Main Menu

[Off, On, On Direct, Edit]

- Off Disables use of the User Menu
- On Enables the User Menu when in <ALT> mode and pressing [HALF-PRESS] + MENU.
- On Direct When entering <ALT> mode your User Menu will be automatically displayed without having to press the MENU button. You can reach the main menu by scrolling to the bottom or using a [HALF-PRESS] + MENU shortcut keys.
- **Edit** Enters the editing mode for the User Menu.

To copy other menu-items to build your custom User Menu (Up to 10 entries)...

Still in OSD parameters, select **User Menu Enable** [**Edit**], now browse to any menu and select the item you want to add to the User Menu, then press **+/-** button or the equivalent button on your camera. The item has now been added to your User Menu. Each new item is added as the lowest on the menu. To delete an item, in Edit mode, select the item and press +/- button (or equivalent). When editing is complete remember to set the User Menu Enable option back from "Edit" to either "On" or "On Direct".

Customizing hint / reminder: Some CHDK features require 2 or more options that work together. An example, "Override Shutter Speed" might also need its associated "Value Factor" selection and the "Shutter Speed Enum Type" if you frequently change that too. Be sure to copy any related menu items together so they are still available where you need them in your custom menu.

User Menu as Root Enable [●] / Disable [] < OSD parameters < Main Menu

Toggles the behavior of the Menus when the User Menu is turned ON. When this option is set then the User Menu will be the first one to be seen, and the main menu can be reached by using the [HALF-PRESS] + MENU shortcut keys, or just selecting the top entry "Main Menu".

Show State Displays Enable [●] / Disable [] < OSD parameters < Main Menu Displays the Override, Bracketing, and Override Disabled settings in their own positionable information area.

Show Temperature < OSD parameters < Main Menu

- Off No display of camera component temperatures.
- Optical Displays the temperature of the optical elements (most assume this is used for the IS mechanism and Zoom/Focus motors). When the camera is first turned on this will most accurately reflect the environmental temperature.

Memory Card Benchmarks Example



Guide only, many variables to be considered)

Speed (Kb/s) Write Write Read

(KAW) (Mem) (64k) (64k)

SD-card model, size

EMTEC, SD 2GB, 60x (FAT16 fresh) 2254	2254	£708	۲0 ۲ ۷	2798
Sandisk, SD 2GB, Extreme III 133x (fresh format)	5254	10686	1 694	8316
SanDisk, SDHC 4GB, Ultra II 60x (FAT16 fresh)	2254	8178	7293	9149
SanDisk, SD 2GB, Ultra II 60x (fresh format)	5254	0096	7123	9448
SanDisk, SD 1GB, Ultra II 60x	5524	0 1/ 88	1699	9099
ByteStor, SD 1GB, 50x	2254	0908	6132	1207
Transcend, microSD 2GB, Standard speed, MLC DLM (beaga bishnate)	5254	2328	89 1 9	8163
Transcend, SD 2GB, 80x	5524	6797	2099	9449
Transcend, SD 4GB, Standard (FAT16 fresh format)	2254	3980	3623	0269
Kingston, 2GB Ultimate 2254	2254	10326	7697	2479
A-DATA Speedy, 2GB (FAT16)	5254	3164	2532	2733
Canon, 16MB (bundled)	556 4	6981	₱921	3208

Create card with two partitions

BEWARE: This can DELETE ALL data on the card!

This feature is used with SDHC cards larger than 4GB, on supported cameras (needs multi partition support) it will create a small FAT16 partition with a size of 2MB for CHDK and a larger partition formatted as FAT32 to store the images. On such a prepared card the camera boots up CHDK from the small partition, then the partitions are automatically the camera boots up CHDK from the small partition, then the partitions are automatically, this way the full capacity of the FAT32 partition can be used. The partitions are not

swapped, this way the full capacity of the FAT32 partition can be used. The partitions are not shown correctly under MS Windows, only one of the two partitions is shown, to access the other partition without a special system driver, the partitions should be swapped with "Swap partitions"

This option creates a 2 MB FAT partition on the SD card, that's fixed on the code for now. Copy the CHDK firmware extensions to this partition and load them, (The DISKBOOT.BIN and PS.FI2 files). Then select "Make card bootable" in "Main Menu > Miscellaneous stuff", so it does not complain when won write protect the eard

you write-protect the card.

Mext step is to select "Swap partitions" in "Main Menu > Miscellaneous stuff", this will hide this small hard like in select "Swap partitions" in "Main Menu > Miscellaneous stuff", this will hide this small partition and make the larger FAT32 one visible. We need to format it, and copy CHDK files and PS.FI2 to it too, so we can perform "swap partitions" again. So format it in FAT32, oney CHDK, insert it on the camers and load CHDK using "Firmware Update", Select "Swap partitions" and "Make card bootable", write-protect the SD card, (lock with silder on side of SD card) and powercycle the camers. It should now load CHDK from the small 2 MB partition, but have access to the larger EFT32 partition to store pictures, video and the CHDK folders.

- CCD Display the temperature of the CCD. Let's you know when it might be getting too
- warm. Or when it's cold enough to take lower-noise images.

 Battery Displays the temperature of the battery compartment.
- NOTE: 3rd party LI-ION battery packs may always report a constant temperature, e.g. $25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ of $28^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.
- all Displays all 3 values.
- in Fahrenheit Enable [●] / Disable []
- Default is Centigrade, check this for Fahrenheit.

 Note: Not all models have a separate temperature sensor for each component, and due to

differences in design, values reported by different models may not be directly comparable.

OSD layout editor < OSD parameters < Main Menu

The OSD items can be rearranged to suit personal preferences and to avoid the Canon items on

the display.







When a feature is selected you can use the rocker switch to move it around. A red highlight displays giving the name of the feature being moved and its position in X, Y format.

- FUNC.SET button Switch between display features.
- 4-Direction switch/rocker moves the selected feature.
- Display button Toggles between I pixel per move or 10 pixels per move.

• PropCase / ParamsData page < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff

[0-128] Search pages, each page shows 10 values

Property cases (PropertyCase or PropCase) are basically variables in the camera's RAM that we can read and write from CHDK by using uBasic commands **get_prop** and **set_prop**. "Under the hood" some other uBasic commands work by changing propcases, making it possible to use them in a portable way. Some propcases are read only. Often writing to a propcase will have a different effect than pressing the corresponding buttons on the camera's user interface. Typically this means that while you can change something like the shutter speed and the change will be effective in your photo, it may not be updated to the camera's on-screen display.

To find out which Property case a function changes see:

http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,2666.new.html#new

Property cases are different for Digic II and Digic III cameras.



EXAMPLE: A570IS ISO is at #149, not #21 like on the S3IS, and the white balance control is #268, not #206. Furthermore, some Digic III cameras (G7, SD800IS, SD900) use the Digic II property set.

You are advised to confirm that these properties are appropriate for your camera before you attempt to change them.

• Task list start < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu
Where to display from. If you set this to more than there are tasks running on the camera, it will show the last twelve, adjusting on the fly as tasks get created and then deleted.

• Show misc values Enable [●] / Disable []
Displays various values for service and programming purposes.

- **Memory browser** < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu Similar role as previous.
- Benchmark < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu

Test write and read speed of the camera and SD cards. To compare memory cards. Since this function during the first pass provides inaccurate values a 2nd run should always be carried out, only the values of this 2nd run are meaningful. Example next page...

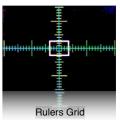
Grid < OSD parameters < Main Menu

Opens the Grid Lines menu. This menu allows you to select and display a custom defined grid. See the grid tutorial in the CHDK Wiki.

Enables the display of custom grids.

Load grid from file...

Displays the file selection screen. Use the directional controls to select a grid file and press Set to select it.



.....Current grid.....

The name of the currently loaded grid.

Override grid colors Enable [•] / Disable []

This setting will override the grid colors defined in the grid file. It will not override the grid colors of the grid selected from the Canon menu.

Line color

Select a color for the grid lines

Fill color

Press the Set key to bring up the color selection table.

Press the Set key to select a color.

Also see:- Grids notes on page 54.

Miscellaneous Values < OSD parameters < Main Menu

 \longrightarrow

Show misc values [Don't, Always, Shoot]

- **Don't** Don't show misc values on LCD.
- **Always** Always show the misc values on the LCD.
- **Shoot** Only show the misc values when shutter is half-pressed.

Show values in video Enable [•] / Disable [1]

Displays the Miscellaneous values when the camera is in video mode.

Show Zoom Enable [●] / Disable []

Z:n/n.nx in Micscellaneous Values. Displays the current Zoom position of the lens. Z:n=zoom position, from 1 to 14

• Show Zoom value as [X, FL, EFL]

Method of displaying the Zoom position of the lens

X – as a multiple of the shortest focal length, as in 6X.

FL – as the actual focal length of the lens, as in 34.8mm.

EFL – as the effective focal length, (35mm Equivalent, as in 210mm.

ALT> Mode button

Cameras with a shortcut button can assign from a number of buttons to use as the <ALT> button, choose from PRINT, SHORTCUT, FLASH, TIMER, ISO, or VIDEO buttons. Display button on A570, A590, A720, Face button on SX100, ISO button on A650,

Disable LCD Off [No, Alt, Script,]

No: LCD disabled, Alt: LCD on, Script: LCD on during script execution.

ALT> mode. For long intervals you should disable the Power Saving options of the camera. This can be done in the <ALT> menu. In the Miscellaneous Stuff menu item set the Disable LCD Off value to Script, so the display won't turn off while in <ALT> mode or while a script.

.garanını sı

Draw palette

Allows inspection of colours and transparencies by (almost) full screen. Use the numbers of the desired colours to select them in Visual Settings menu. Use arrows to navigate palette, press Func./Set to select a color, press MENU to exit.

Show build info

Displays the current version of CHDK in use, ie: 0.9.9 - 910, date May 07 2010.

Show memory info

Displays free RAM available, also CHDK size and load address.

Make card bootable...

Option to enable auto load of CHDK at startup. Memory cards must have FAT12 or FAT16 format for the bootable partition. Large cards formatted in camera will be FAT32.

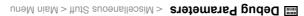
Swap partitions

For cameras with multi partition support. To access each partition on a multi partition memory card, (in computer OS's that only read one partition) Press SET to change to the currently inactive partition. Also see:- Page 45 "Create card with two partitions"

Reset options to default...

Reset all functions and displays back to CHDK default values.

Note:- By this operation you will lose all your personal settings.



In this menu internal data on the functioning of CHDK is available.

Debug data display < Debug parameters < Miscellaneous Stuff

Shows debug data on the OSD, values are: [None, Props, Params, Tasks]

Show http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/PropertyCase variables
The values are generally shown unsigned - that's because the propease viewer doesn't
know whether a value is supposed to be signed or unsigned, and treats everything as
unsigned. "65152" is just the same value as "-384" when considered as an unsigned
short rather than a signed short.

```
Shows the task list, only on VxWorks cameras.
```

```
c.2.1 = vB of
Run average in standard illumination scenes candelas per square meter... calculated from a ratio
                                                                 B in Miscellaneous Values.
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                       Show Scene luminance (cd/m2)
                                   Indicates the overexposure value calculated by the camera.
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                           Show Canon overexp. Value
                                   Indicates a calculated overexposure value. Av-Bv-Sv + Tv
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                     Show Overexp. Value (No Flash!)
                           Displays the measured brightness value, as written in the Exif data.
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                                     Show Measured Bv
                                                                              \Lambda T + V S - V A
Internal-brightness scenes through recalculation of the parameters established in the camera. Just
                                                              Bvs in Miscellaneous Values.
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                      Show Set By (Brightness Value)
                                         (brightness value + scene sensitivity set in a camera)
                         Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                           Show Measured Ev (Bv+Sv)
             Show camera exposure value based on the values of shutter speed and aperture.
                                                            Evs in Miscellaneous Values.
                  Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                       Show Set Exposure Ev (Tv+Av)
                      Display the ISO value only when the camera is in Auto ISO mode.
                  [ ] eldssid \ [ ● ] sldsn∃ ebom osiotuA ni ylno OSI wonS •
                                                                    the actual ISO value.
  I-M in Miscellaneous Values. Displays Canon's ISO value, which is not always the same as
                                Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                                      Show 'market' ISO
                                                                          been applied.
I-R in Miscellaneous Values. Displays the actual ISO value after overrides or bracketing have
                                Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                                          Show 'real' ISO
                                                          adjustments have been applied.
    Av in Miscellaneous Values. This is the actual aperture setting after any override aperture
                                Enable [●] / Disable [ ]
                                                                    Show 'real' Aperture
  installed on the camera. For a 0.7x wide converter use 70. For a 1.75x tele converter use
 Adjusts the zoom value above by a multiplier, which is based on the converter lens that is
```

Adaptor Lens Scale, 100=1x [0 - 1000]

Games < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu

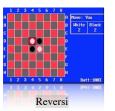
Yes, games! Choose your favourite! Switch to Playback mode for games.

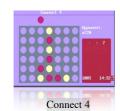
Arrow buttons - move

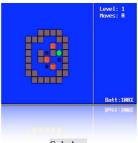
FUNC.SET - choose level (Moves counter should be 0).

Erase / +/- - restart current level Display - show 'about' info Zoom rocker - undo / redo moves









Sokoban



If colours are not displayed properly, try entering and exiting Canon menus before entering <ALT> mode.

Flash-light

For Cameras with fold out LCD. Turns the LCD panel into a flashlight! When in Record Mode and the LCD panel is swiveled facing forward, the LCD display turns all-white so you can see your way around in the dark, or to illuminate some close object while setting up to take a photograph.

Show splash screen on load

Enable [●] / Disable []



Mostly personal preference, shows build info, also indicates CHDK is loading. Camera startup will be slightly faster if splash screen is disabled.

Startup sound Enable [●] / Disable []

Might be handy to know if someone else is using your camera.

Use zoom buttons for MF Enable [●] / Disable []

For a more precise adjustment of manual focus.

▼ DOF Calculator < OSD parameters < Main Menu

→

The Depth Of Field Calculator displays 5 distances in meters...

- **SD** Distance to the subject (Near Limit + DOF*0.33). Also called the Focal Plane.
- **NL** Near Limit. The distance where acceptable sharpness begins.
- **FL** Far Limit. The distance where acceptable sharpness ends.
- **DOF** the Distance between the Near Limit and the Far Limit.
- HYP Hyperfocal distance. Depending on the aperture and zoom settings, the hyperfocal
 distance reflects the optimal distance for an object to be photographed, i.e. the sharpness of
 that object will be the sharpest at this specific distance.
- Show DOF calculator [Don't, Separat, In Misc]
 - **Don't** Disables display of the DOF calculator
 - **Separate** Displays the DOF values apart from the Misc values.
 - In Misc Displays the DOF values with the Misc values.

Canon Subj. Dist. as Near Limit Enable [●] / Disable []

Enabling this value affects the way the subject distance is calculated.

Use EXIF subj. Dist. (Propcase #65) Enable [●] / Disable []

Enabling this value affects the way the subject distance is calculated.

Experimentation may be required to clarify these 2 preceding settings, they will effect script commands that establish focus, and some other camera behavior, such as focus bracketing.

The following 5 settings will determine which DOF values will appear in the OSD. When the "Show DOF calculator" is set to "Separat", all 5 values are always displayed. When it is set to "In Misc" then only the enabled values below are displayed as part of the Miscellaneous Values.

Show Subj. Dist. in Misc. Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable to show in Miscellaneous values on OSD.

Show Near Limit in Misc. Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable to show in Miscellaneous values on OSD

Show Far Limit in Misc. Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable to show in Miscellaneous values on OSD.

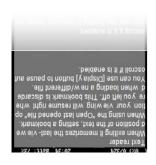
Show Hyperfocal Dist. in Misc. Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable to show in Miscellaneous values on OSD.

Show Depth of Field in Misc. Enable [●] / Disable []

Enable to show in Miscellaneous values on OSD.

When enabled, distances displayed are measured from the front of the lens rather than the sensor. This is useful for macro photography.



Text file reader < Miscellaneous Stuff < Main Menu

This utility can be used to read a text file stored on the SD card. (Very convenient!, you can keep onboard instructions.)

• Open new file...
Displays a file browser window, opened to the CHDK/
BOOKS directory You can select a txt file to view. Pre

Displays a file browset window, opened to the Churk BOOKS directory. You can select a txt file to view. Press Func./Set to open the file.

• Open last opened file

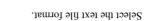
Will display the most recent text file that was viewed.

· Select RBF font

Open the file browser in the CHDK/FONTS directory. Allows you to select a different font for displaying text

displaying text.

• Codepage [Win1251, DOS]









As with other menus, fonts and colours can be changed to suit all preferences.

• Wrap by words

Enables word-wrap.

Enable autoscroll

Enable [•] \ Disable [1]

When enabled the text file will scroll automatically.

• Autoscroll delay (sec) [0 – 60]

Determines how long the system waits before scrolling the text file.

Use MENU button to exit.

Show RAW short remain Menu Enable [●] \ Disable [●] \ Disable [□] \ Disable [●] \ Disable [□] \ Show RAW shoot remain Enable [●] \ Disable [♠] \ Disable [♠

35

Show RAW shoot remain

Calculates how many RAW captures will fit in the current free memory and displays that number next to the RAW indicator.

Warning threshold [0 - 200]

Turns the RAW indicator red when the number of RAW shots remaining drops below the threshold value.

■ Battery < OSD parameters < Main Menu

Ηοοναγ for the battery indicator!

Controls the display of the battery indicators on the LCD







Set the maximum and minimum voltages to match fully charged and discharged batteries, the battery icon fill color will reduce as voltage lowers and will change to red color close to minimum voltage.

Filespace < OSD parameters < Main Menu

Show Filespace Icon Enable [●] \ Disable []

Displays a small SD card shaped icon on the screen to show much filespace is left on the SD card. Opaque means remaining free space. Transparent means that space has been used. Use the OSD Layout Editor to position the icon anywhere on the screen.

2.) Delete all RAW files in a selected folder

Useful when:- You keep RAW files in the same folder as JPG files, You only want to get rid of some RAW files. (Very important shots in some other folder). You know which folder has a lot of out-takes. Go to CHDK File Browser and inside DCIM folder select the folder you want (E.g. "102CANON") and push the left button to display the popup menu. Select "Purge RAW". A warning will ask you to confirm and all the RAW files in ONLY that folder will be erased. This option works like the previous one but only on the selected Canon folder, the rest are untouched.



3.) Delete some or all RAW files in a list.

Useful when You want to protect specific RAW files (to use them later for HDR)

Go to CHDK File Browser, enter DCIM folder, enter a sub folder (E.g. "102CANON") push the left button to display the popup menu. Select "Purge RAW" . A warning will ask you to confirm and all the RAW files will be gone.

Now the useful thing of this option is that you can mark the RAW files you DON'T want to erase (protect files). The Purge RAW function will erase the rest of the RAW files ignoring the marked ones.

See:- http://chdk.setepontos.com/index.php/topic,557.msg4454.html#

Calendar < Miscellaneous Stuff

Yes, a calendar!

Select Year - Up / Down Select Month - Left / Right Use MENU button to exit.



Show Space Bar [Don't, Horizon, Vertical] < Filespace < OSD parameters

Displays a thin SD capacity remaining "fuel-gauge" icon on the screen. Location is positionable in the OSD Layout Editor.

- Don't Turn off this feature.
- **Horizon** Displays the bar-graph gauge in a horizontal orientation.
- · Vertical Displays the bar-graph gauge in a vertical orientation.

• Size on Screen < Filespace < OSD parameters

Changes the display size of the "Space Bar" SD-capacity gauge.

- 1/4 the bar-graph only goes 1/4th the width or height of the EVF/LCD display.
- 1/2 the bar-graph goes 1/2 the width or height of the EVF/LCD display.
- 1 the bar-graph goes the full width or height of the EVF/LCD display.

Width/Height < Filespace < OSD parameters

Change the width (for vertical space-bar) or height (for horizontal space-bar) in 1-pixel increments.

Show Filespace in Percent Enable [●] / Disable []

Displays the SD card space remaining in a percentage of its total capacity. (Toggles between this and the MB option.) OSD display element positionable in the OSD Layout Editor.

Displays the SD-card space remaining in Megabytes. Toggles between this and the percentage option. (see above).

Warning Unit < Filespace < OSD parameters

Don't - Don't display a warning when the free SD-card space is getting low.

Percent - Change the space remaining display to the warning color when the percentage reaches or goes below your selected "% Threshold" (see below).

MB - Change the space remaining display to the warning color when the Megabytes reaches or goes below your selected "MB Threshold (see below).

% Threshold < Filespace < OSD parameters

Setting used in conjunction with above "Warning Unit" feature. Set the amount of SD-card space percentage remaining when you want that OSD element to turn to your chosen warning color.

MB Threshold < Filespace < OSD parameters

Setting used in conjunction with the above "Warning Unit" feature. Set this to how many megabytes when the space remaining feature turns to your chosen warning color.

Note: can be used in conjunction with a handy script if you need to ration the amount of photos you take on a long vacation.

See this:

http://chdk.wikia.com/wiki/UBASIC/Scripts:_Photo_Rations script.

mu2 WAA ·

resulting image will be equivalent to the brightness level of a 5 minute, 25 second exposure. principle. Meaning, if you take five 65-second exposures, then RAW Sum them together, the Using the selected RAW files, this will combine them into one file. Working on an additive

• BAW Average

used, the less noise visible. together, effectively obliterating any noise, as the noise gets averaged out. The more frames taking several identical frames at high ISOs at high shutter speeds. This will merge them This RAW Merge feature will, as it says, average all the frames together. Very convenient if

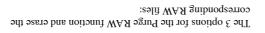
• Purge RAM < File Browser < Miscellaneous Stuff

With this function the RAW files can be deleted in 3 different ways...



Backup important images first, the data on your SD card can get damaged or Caution! Erasing files in the camera is an irreversible operation!

interface). The first step is to delete the JPG outtakes in playback mode (using Canon's



subfolders 1) Delete all RAM files in DCIM folder including

Useful when:

erased.

(several days trek, holidays etc). You set up the camera to create a new folder everyday You keep a separate folder for RAW files.

and select "Purge RAW" (See image above). A warning will ask you to confirm (See image next Go to CHDK File Browser, select DCIM folder, push the left button to display the popup menu You want to crase the occasional mischievous RAW file stored in a different folder.

DCIM (comparing the 4 digit number assigned by the camera). If it is not found, the RAW file is prefix or file extension) and if it finds one then will look for its JPG partner anywhere inside This feature will search through all the folders in DCIM looking for a RAW file (CRW/CR2 page) and voila! You have regained some SD space.



Also influences the temperature format. 12h - Fahrenheit. the chosen 12-Hour Clock AM/PM indicators are enabled. 12-hour or 24-hour format toggle. When 12-hour format is used then

12h Clock Indicator

Clock Format

Show Clock

- PM Displays AM or PM suffix on the OSD Clock
- P Shorthand version of A or P for AM and PM on the OSD Clock (to save real-estate space).

(note the small period after the 15). no character is displayed for AM. Examples: 10:30 = 10:30 AM, 11:15. = 11:15 PM Ultra-shorthand version of AM or PM. Displays a simple "." after the time to indicate PM,

© Shutter Half-press Show

Seconds - Displays HH:MM:SS

Mormal - Displays HH:MM

Displays an OSD real-time clock.

▼ Clock < OSD parameters < Main Menu
</p>

Don't - No clock display.

Shows the OSD clock during a half-press of the shutter button....

- Don't No clock display on a half-press.
- Full Shows full clock time during half-press.
- doing manual timings between consecutive shots without having to quickly call up some • Seconds - Only counts off the seconds in the clock display during a half-press. Helpful when

intervalometer script.

Show OSD in Review Mode < OSD parameters < Main Menu

visible when reviewing the photo to see if you got the framing or other settings as you had "Review" options turned on. This allows you to keep your on-screen grid and other settings button (and press SET to lock it into Review Mode) or when you have your Canon's Menu mode is when your last taken photo is temporarily being displayed as you hold down the shutter-Displays the OSD when in **REVIEW** mode. Do not confuse this with Playback mode. Review

intended.

......Default Script......

The name of the currently loaded script is displayed in the **Mini Console** area at the bottom of the LCD on the left hand side.

The Mini Console area is where script information is displayed, messages included by diligent script authors to keep users informed of the progression of a script, and to direct input from the user for setting script parameters. Messages are defined by the "print" command in scripts.

• Times to Repeat [5]

Set a number for times for script to repeat.

• Display Delay [3]

In seconds

More at: Scripting Notes, page 54 and How do I use scripts? page 63.



< Main Menu

File browser

Browse files in the various CHDK folders.





Use Up / Down key to highlight, FUNC.SET to select a folder, Right key to select file, Left key for pop up menu for Cut, Copy, Delete, Select Inverse, RAW sum, RAW average, Purge RAW, Sub from marked, DNG -> CHDK RAW.

· RAW Merge

When selecting (highlighting) files in the file browser mode, by using the RIGHT navigational button, you now have 2 functions available on the LEFT navigational button menu. If after using either of these features and you would like to see the resulting image without having to load them into a computer and using RAW viewing software, use the "RAW Develop" feature on the "RAW Parameters" menu to create a JPG file for playback in the camera. When using either of these options the resulting new RAW file will use whatever last filename was selected for merging as the prefix to the new RAW filename, and a WAV suffix will be added to it so you know which last-of-a-sequence files were used for merging. This also circumvents any confusion later when using utilities like DNG4PS with trying to merge corresponding JPG EXIF data with the original RAW data, where filenames could get drastically out of order by creating new JPG filename numbers.



Use this menu to make changes to the appearance of all CHDK menus, texts, backgrounds, etc., choose font types, sizes, colors, etc.

Language

Lets you choose another language if you have the appropriate <code>.lng</code>-file in the <code>CHDK/LANG/</code> folder of your SD card.

OSD codepage

Choose the Codepage. [Win1250 - 1257]



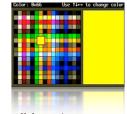
Menu RBF font

Choose another font (RBF format) for the CHDK menus. If you have chosen a RBF font but want to switch back to the original built-in font, just choose an "illegal" RBF font (Try to load a uBASIC script as a RBF font, for example).

......Colors.....

Change any of the display colors for all text and icons. If you don't change them they will remain as their defaults.

There are opaque colors and transparent colors, and also some "special effect" colors. Note that record mode and playback mode use different color tables. So it may happen that you pick a nice color in playback mode, and in record mode it will look totally different. But there are also colors which will stay the same in both modes. Some examples for A-series cams:



0x11(white), 0xFF(black), 0x22(red), 0x55(green), 0x44 (transparent light grey).

Also see:- Draw palette, Page 43.







Scripting Parameters < Main Menu

Load Script from File...

<ALT> mode, press the Shutter button to run the script. To script's documentation), then press menu to finish. Stay in screenshot, "Times to Repeat", "Display Delay" - see the any required parameters to suit your needs (such as in this Folder, select a script, press FUNC.SET again to load it, set Enter <ALT> mode, press FUNC.SET to go to the SCRIPTS

mode. CHDK saves your last user-selected script parameters from one session to the next. interrupt a running script press the Shutter button. To return to normal shooting, exit <ALT>

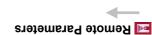
New scripts can be added to the SCRIPTS folder as they become available. The default script is the one you load when you don't need a script.

Script shoot delay (.1s)

allow camera to "catch up" one second after capture. Mainly used to minimize camera movement before script starts, and to command. A value of 0 executes immediately. A value of 10 executes the next script command After an image is captured, indicates how long to delay the execution of the next script

[Off, On, Once] Script Autostart

turned on, remember this when you see your camera operating by itself after it is turned on. When enabled, the script listed under "current script" will execute immediately the camera is



Toggles the remote USB cable detection state, both scripted and scriptless. Enable [●] / Disable [] Enable Remote

<ALT> mode. This is the same as if you pressed the shutter manually in all normal camera USB-Remote cable to trigger the shutter. Have the camera in normal record mode and not in When this is enabled you can use the camera normally without any script and still use the

pressing / releasing remote button is equivalent to pressing / releasing the shutter halfway. To little longer. Or more precisely explained by the author of this: "... if USB remote is enabled, you want to trigger a full shutter-press immediately just hold down the USB-Remote button a short press of the USB-Remote trigger, The second press will then do a full shutter-press. If Note on scriptless usage: You can first do a half-press to auto-focus and set exposure with a oberations.

button within 0.5s, which will "push" the shutter all the way. take a shot, do a "reversed click", i.e. momentarily release and again depress the remote

"Enable remote" in Scripting Parameters - Enable [] / Disable [•] Note: When downloading images to computer with USB it may be necessary to uncheck

you can stand away from the camera and just click the photo change button. reverse order) from frame to frame in Playback mode. Now when giving a slide-show lecture Also note: On some cameras the scriptless USB Remote trigger can be used to advance (in

Enables synchable scriptless remote code originally used in Stereo Data Maker. Enable [●] / Disable [] Enable Synchable Remotesynchable remote.....synchable remote.....

Enable [●] / Disable [] Eusble Synch

Used to synchronize 2 or more cameras when all hooked to the same USB-Remote signal.

Enable [●] / Disable [] Euable Synch Delay

of delay is adjusted with the settings below. stereo imagery, multi-frame stop-action matrix effects, etc.) Rate match that of other cameras when using more than I camera. (For Allows you to fine-tune the USB-Remote triggering speed to

Sync Delay 0.1ms

USB-Remote Sync delay in 0.1 ms increments (1/1000th of a second).

Sync Delay 0.1s

USB-Remote Sync delay in 0.1s increments (1/10th of a second).

Enable [●] / Disable [] Enable Remote Zoom

To enable the zoom by remote control function.

[01 - 2] **sf.0 ino-amiT mooZ**

Set a value for time-out, 0.1s x 2 up to 10.

Load Default Param Values

you've gotten hopelessly lost in many changes or just need a quick way to return to base settings. programmed into the script when first ran. A simple way to go back to a script's defaults after Press FUNC.SET when the menu cursor is on this option resets them to the default parameters as CHDK normally saves your last user-selected script parameters from one session to the next.

Parameters Set

just selecting numbers 0 to 9. any one script. The next time you load the same script your favorite defaults can be called-up by directory named by the script in use at the time.) Now you can have up to 10 favorite settings for remember your settings for each set. (The script parameter sets are saved in a CHDK/DATA/ new Parameter Set and then change your user-setting script parameters, CHDK will now Allows for the selection of 0 to 9 (ten) optional parameter sets for each script. If you select a

Enable [●] / Disable [] Save params

Save current parameter settings.

See USB Remote notes, page 52.